

31 October 2012

PRESS RELEASE

Household and non-financial corporate sector interest rates: September 2012¹

According to seasonally unadjusted data, new business of forint-denominated housing loans and general purpose mortgage loans to the household sector fell in September 2012. New business of forint and euro loans to the non-financial corporate sector of over the equivalent of EUR 1 million fell significantly.

In September 2012, the average APRC on new forint-denominated housing loans to the household sector fell slightly, while that on forint general purpose mortgage loans declined sharply relative to the previous month. New business of forint-denominated housing loans and general purpose mortgage loans fell.²

The APRC³ on and new business of personal loans to the household sector both fell slightly relative to September.

The monthly average interest rate on households' forint deposits edged down slightly and that on euro deposits remained unchanged relative to August. New business of forint and euro deposits fell significantly.

Households	Average interest rates on new business ² (percentage points)			New business volumes (HUF billions: non-seasonally adjusted data)		
	Sep 2012	Month-on month change	Sep 2011	Sep 2012	Aug 2012	Sep 2011
Forint housing loans ¹	11,87	-0,11	10,33	10,10	10,75	17,26
Forint general purpose mortgage loans ¹	15,10	-0,23	12,52	2,56	2,89	5,72
Forint personal loans ¹	28,90	0,08	30,78	7,57	7,18	9,14
Forint deposits	6,48	-0,06	5,52	873,41	978,59	974,74
Euro deposits with agreed maturity up to 1 year	2,47	0,03	2,52	159,01	217,34	186,93

1) Loans with floating rate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation

Table1

²⁾ The table contains the average APRC for loans

¹ New loans to households and non-financial corporations do not include restructured loans. Similarly, the effects of government bridging loans are eliminated from the values of new housing loans and general purpose loans to households. (For more details, see the methodological notes.)

² Act XC of 2010, which prohibits banks from registering a mortgage under a foreign currency loan, entered into force on 14 August 2010. This has been reflected in a decline in foreign currency lending. The greater-than-zero amount of new foreign currency lending is explained by the opportunity to redenominate foreign currency loans disbursed earlier or transfer of debt. (For more details, see the methodological notes.)

³ Under Article 199 (1) of Act XCII of 1996, from 2 April 2012 the annual percentage rate of charge on loans to households may not be higher than the prevailing central bank base rate increased by 24 percentage points, with certain exceptions.

The average interest rate on forint and euro loans to the non-financial corporate sector of up to the equivalent of EUR 1 million fell slightly and that on forint and euro loans of over the equivalent of EUR 1 million declined sharply relative to the previous month. New business of forint loans to the non-financial corporate sector of up to and over the equivalent of EUR 1 million fell significantly. New business of euro loans of up to the equivalent of EUR 1 million increased slightly and that of euro loans of over the equivalent of EUR 1 million increased slightly and that of euro loans of over the equivalent of EUR 1 million fell relative to August.

Monthly average interest rates on non-financial corporations' forint deposits fell in September relative to the previous month, while those on euro deposits remained unchanged. New business of both forint and euro deposits fell significantly.

Table2										
Non-financial corporations	Average interest rates on new business (percentage points)			New business volumes (HUF billions: non-seasonally adjusted data)						
	Sep 2012	Month-on month change	Sep 2011	Sep 2012	Aug 2012	Sep 2011				
Forint loans up to 1 million EUR ¹	9,69	-0,19	9,05	54,28	60,80	63,28				
Euro loans up to 1 million EUR ¹	3,24	-0,34	4,47	19,33	15,62	26,62				
Forint loans over 1 million EUR ¹	8,31	-0,89	7,70	98,46	119,14	196,68				
Euro loans over 1 million EUR ¹	3,12	-0,95	3,69	37,66	45,48	71,56				
Forint deposits	6,22	-0,19	5,54	1393,17	1497,23	1852,11				
Euro deposits with agreed maturity up to 1 year	1,02	-0,03	1,92	413,81	570,60	798,57				

1) Loans with floating rate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation

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The seasonally adjusted data are subject to more uncertainty than usual, due to fluctuations caused by the financial crisis.

MAGYAR NEMZETI BANK STATISTICS

One of the primary statutory duties of the Magyar Nemzeti Bank is to collect and publish statistical information. The statistical press release aims to help the reader understand the latest published data. The Quarterly Report on Inflation and the Report on Financial Stability, published periodically, contain the Bank's analyses of underlying economic processes and are accessible at <u>www.mnb.hu</u>.

Detailed tables: <u>Time series</u> Charts: <u>Chart pack</u> Notes: <u>Methodological notes</u>

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