

30 May 2013

PRESS RELEASE

Household and non-financial corporate sector interest rates: April 2013¹

In April 2013, average interest rates on forint loans and deposits of households and non-financial corporations fell. According to seasonally unadjusted data, new business of forint housing loans and general purpose mortgage loans increased. Average interest rates on euro loans to non-financial corporations rose.

In April 2013, the average APRC on new forint housing loans dropped slightly and that on general purpose mortgage loans fell significantly. New business of forint housing loans and general purpose mortgage loans increased.² The APRC³ on personal loans rose slightly and new business fell a little relative to the previous month.

Monthly average interest rates on forint and euro deposits of the household sector fell in the month. New business of forint and euro deposits also fell.

Table1						
Households	1	erest rates on i percentage poi		New business volumes (HUF billions: non-seasonally adjusted data)		
	Apr 2013	Month-on month change	Apr 2012	Apr 2013	Mar 2013	Apr 2012
Forint housing loans ¹	10,08	-0,39	12,37	10,3	9,2	10,0
Forint general purpose mortgage loans ¹	12,47	-1,29	15,38	3,0	2,5	3,5
Forint personal loans ¹	27,99	0,16	28,55	7,3	7,6	5,8
Forint deposits	4,20	-0,45	6,73	938,8	953,7	1073,9
Euro deposits with agreed maturity up to 1 year	1,96	-0,24	2,98	128,1	148,3	155,8

¹⁾ Loans with floating rate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation

²⁾ The table contains the average APRC for loans

¹ New loans to households and non-financial corporations do not include restructured loans. Similarly, the effects of government bridging loans are eliminated from the values of new housing loans and general purpose loans to households. (For more details, see the methodological notes.)

² Act XC of 2010, which prohibits banks from registering a mortgage under a foreign currency loan, entered into force on 14 August 2010. This has been reflected in a decline in foreign currency lending. The greater-than-zero amount of new foreign currency lending is explained by the opportunity to redenominate foreign currency loans disbursed earlier or transfer of debt. (For more details, see the methodological notes.)

³ Under Article 199 (1) of Act XCII of 1996, from 2 April 2012 the annual percentage rate of charge on loans to households may not be higher than the prevailing central bank base rate increased by 24 percentage points, with certain exceptions.

Monthly average interest rates on forint loans to the non-financial corporate sector of up to and over the equivalent of EUR 1 million fell. Interest rates on euro loans of up to EUR 1 million rose slightly and those on euro loans of over EUR 1 million increased significantly relative to the previous month.

New business of forint loans to the non-financial corporate sector of up to the equivalent of EUR 1 million rose slightly and that of forint loans of over the equivalent of EUR 1 million increased sharply relative to March. New business of euro loans of up to EUR 1 million fell slightly and that of euro loans of over EUR 1 million decreased sharply.

Monthly average interest rates on non-financial corporations' forint deposits fell and those on euro deposits remained unchanged relative to the previous month. New business of both forint deposits increased and that of euro deposits fell.

I able2										
Non-financial corporations		Average interest rates on new business (percentage points)			New business volumes (HUF billions: non-seasonally adjusted data)					
	Apr 2013	Month-on month change	Apr 2012	Apr 2013	Mar 2013	Apr 2012				
Forint loans up to 1 million EUR ¹	7,84	-0,23	10,03	54,4	51,6	51,5				
Euro loans up to 1 million EUR ¹	3,57	0,18	3,76	17,8	20,4*	14,3				
Forint loans over 1 million EUR ¹	6,19	-1,14	8,98	83,1	54,4	83,6				

3,13

4,45

0,65

Euro deposits with agreed maturity up to 1 year

Euro loans over 1 million EUR 1

Forint deposits

* * * * *

0,50

-0,21

0,03

3,76

6,55

1,24

The seasonally adjusted data, published simultaneously with this press release in the <u>chart pack</u> and in the <u>time series</u> for household and non-financial sector interest rates, are subject to more uncertainty than usual, due to fluctuations caused by the financial crisis.

MAGYAR NEMZETI BANK STATISTICS

72,1

2299,8

402,5

131,6*

2059,6

512,0

76,8

1515,0

541,9

One of the primary statutory duties of the Magyar Nemzeti Bank is to collect and publish statistical information. The statistical press release aims to help the reader understand the latest published data. The Quarterly Report on Inflation and the Report on Financial Stability, published periodically, contain the Bank's analyses of underlying economic processes and are accessible at www.mnb.hu.

Detailed tables: Time series

Charts: Chart pack

Table?

Notes: Methodological notes

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¹⁾ Loans with floating rate and up to 1 year initial rate fixation

^{*} Due to a correction made by a reporting agent data has changed.