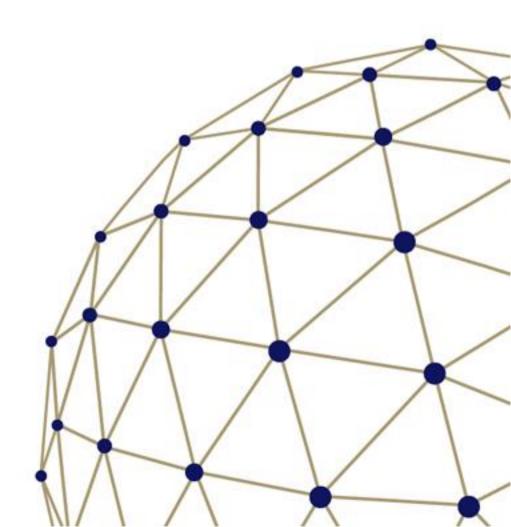


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az ECB, az EU, az EBA, az EIOPA, az ESMA, az IMF, a BIS, az OECD, az FSB, az IAIS és az IOSCO dokumentumaiból

2014. JANUÁR 9. – 2014. JANUÁR 15.



1. MONETÁRIS POLITIKA, INFLÁCIÓ

Introductory statement to the press conference (with Q&A), 09/01/2014	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pressconf/2014/html/is140109.en.html	Speech
Speech by Mario Draghi, President of the ECB, Frankfurt am Main, 9 January 2014	
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http://www.bis.org/review/r140109b.pdf?frames=0	Central Bankers'
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2. PÉNZÜGYI STABILITÁS, PÉNZÜGYI PIACOK

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Mandatory financial stability assessments under the financial sector assessment program: update, 13/01/2014 http://www.imf.org/external/np/pp/eng/2013/111513.pdf In September 2010, the Executive Board made stability assessments under the Financial Sector Assessment program (FSAP) a regular and mandatory part of bilateral surveillance under Article IV for 25 jurisdictions with systemically important financial sectors. This landmark decision resulted in a more risk-based approach to financial sector surveillance and better integration of FSAPs into Article IV consultations in these jurisdictions. **Related press release:**	
Mandatory financial stability assessments under the financial sector assessment program: update, 13/01/2014 http://www.imf.org/external/np/pp/eng/2013/111513.pdf In September 2010, the Executive Board made stability assessments under the Financial Sector Assessment program (FSAP) a regular and mandatory part of bilateral surveillance under Article IV for 25 jurisdictions with systemically important financial sectors. This landmark decision resulted in a more risk-based approach to financial sector surveillance and better integration of FSAPs into Article IV consultations in these jurisdictions. Related press release: http://www.imf.org/external/np/sec/pr/2014/pr1408.htm	Publication +
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We study the effects of the new Basel III liquidity regulations in jurisdictions with a limited supply of high-quality liquid assets. Using a model based on Bech and Keister (2013), we show how introducing a liquidity coverage ratio in such settings can have significant side effects, leading to a large liquidity premium and pushing the short-term interest rate to the floor of the central bank's rate corridor. Adding a committed liquidity facility allows the central bank to mitigate these effects. By pricing committed liquidity appropriately, the central bank can determine either the equilibrium liquidity premium or the quantity of liquid assets held by banks, but not both. We argue that the optimal pricing arrangement will depend on local market conditions.

3. MIKROPRUDENCIÁLIS FELÜGYELET ÉS SZABÁLYOZÁS

Deal to regulate financial markets and products and curb high-frequency trading, 14/01/2014 http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/news-room/content/20140110IPR32414/html/Deal-to-	EU Press Release
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Proposed Nominees to the Board of Directors of the Global LEI Foundation, 14/01/2014	FSB
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Review of Consumer Trends Methodology, 15/01/2014

https://eiopa.europa.eu/fileadmin/tx_dam/files/publications/reports/Review-of-Consumer-Trends-Methodology approved by 27112013 BoS with appendixes.pdf

EIOPA Report

EIOPA published the methodology for preparing its report on consumer trends in November 2012. As provided in the original methodology report EIOPA has reviewed the methodology in light of experience compiling the consumer trends report published in December 2013. The review of the methodology, together with the revised templates for submission of data, is now available on the website.

FSB Publication

Senior Supervisors Group Report on Counterparty Data, 15/01/2014

http://www.financialstabilityboard.org/publications/r 140116.pdf

Large, complex financial organizations can potentially engage in a broad array of financial transactions with a wide range of counterparties. It is therefore critical for these organizations to understand and manage counterparty exposures. Challenges understanding exposures can arise when a firm operates through many of its own legal vehicles, which in turn conduct business with many external entities, including some that may ultimately be owned by or affiliated with the same counterparty. Many firms discovered during the financial crisis that they could not aggregate counterparty exposures quickly and confidently, which limited their ability to make prudent business decisions in fast-moving markets and resulted in confusion and concern across the marketplace.

National supervisory authorities observed from these experiences that large financial firms had difficulty quickly and accurately aggregating counterparty exposures at the group level. In response, the Senior Supervisors Group sponsored a new counterparty exposure data collection program - known as the "Top 20" Counterparty project - during the crisis. The project aimed to inform supervisors across jurisdictions of the levels of and changes in significant bilateral derivatives and other counterparty exposures as well as to enhance their ability to respond. The Top 20 project began in late 2008 and continued through the financial crisis and the recovery.

4. KÖLTSÉGVETÉSI POLITIKA, ADÓZÁS

Real Exchange Rate Appreciation in Emerging Markets: Can Fiscal Policy Help?, 10/01/2014 http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2014/wp1401.pdf

IMF Working Paper

A number of emerging markets have experienced substantial real exchange rate appreciation in recent years, generating concerns about competitiveness and prompting policymakers to respond with a combination of mitigating policies. This paper shows that fiscal policy can play a role in alleviating these pressures. Using a sample of 28 emerging market economies over 1983-2011, we estimate a dynamic model of the real exchange rate and find that a permanent fiscal adjustment may reduce appreciation pressures over the long term. Furthermore, the composition of public spending matters, with reductions in current spending playing a key role. To illustrate the importance of these findings, the paper focuses on the case of Brazil. Our results suggest that maintaining fiscal discipline while increasing public investment in Brazil is likely to ease real appreciation pressures, highlighting the importance of tackling long-standing budget rigidities.

Fiscal Vulnerabilities and Risks from Local Government Finance in China, 14/01/2014 http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2014/wp1404.pdf

IMF Working Paper

China weathered the global financial crisis better than most, thanks to a large and timely stimulus. This stimulus, however, was mainly in the form of off-budget infrastructure spending and thus not visible in the headline fiscal data. We construct a time series for the augmented fiscal deficit and debt—augmented to include off-budget activity—that better illustrates the counter-cyclical role of fiscal policy. The results also show that the augmented fiscal deficit and debt are both considerably higher than the headline government data suggest. Nonetheless, at around 45 percent of GDP, the augmented debt is still at a manageable level.

Resource Blessing, Revenue Curse? Domestic Revenue Effort in Resource-Rich Countries, 14/01/2014 http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2014/wp1405.pdf	IMF Working Paper	
This paper uses a newly constructed revenue dataset of 35 resource-rich countries for the period 1992-2009 to analyze the impact of expanding resource revenues on different types of domestic (non resource) tax revenues. Overall, we find a statistically significant negative relationship between resource revenues and total domestic (non resource) revenues, including for the major tax components. For each additional percentage point of GDP in resource revenues, there is a reduction in domestic (non resource) revenues of about 0.3 percentage points of GDP. We find this primarily occurs through reduced effort on taxes on goods and services—in particular, the VAT— followed by a smaller negative impact on corporate income and trade taxes.		

5. PÉNZFORGALOM, FIZETÉSI RENDSZEREK

Unveiling the new €10 banknote, 13/01/2014	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2014/html/sp140113.en.html	Speech
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Latvians are spending their last lats, 10/01/2014	EU
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Speech by Yves Mersch , Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, Munich Seminars, Ifo Institute for Economic Research, University of Munich, 13 January 2014	эреесп
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The Global Economy in 2014 http://www.imf.org/external/np/speeches/2014/011514.htm Speech by Christine Lagarde, IMF Managing Director on "The Global Economy in 2014" – IMF National Press Club, Washingon, D.C., 15/01/2014	IMF Speech
Ireland's EU-IMF Programme – delivering what it says on the tin http://www.bis.org/review/r140110b.pdf?frames=0 Address by Mr Patrick Honohan, Governor of the Central Bank of Ireland to the European Commission DG-ECFIN Conference, Dublin, 10 January 2014.	BIS Central Bankers' Speech
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ECB's replies to the questionnaire of the European Parliament supporting the own initiative report evaluating the structure, the role and operations of the 'troika' (Commission, ECB and the IMF) actions in euro area programme countries, 10/01/2014 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/140110 ecb response troika questionnaireen.pdf	ECB Publication

Quarterly report on the euro area - December 2013, 10/01/2014 FU http://ec.europa.eu/economy finance/publications/gr euro area/2013/pdf/grea4 en.pdf Publication This edition sheds some light on the euro area's medium term growth picture, it includes the following - The euro area's growth prospects over the coming decade; - The growth impact of structural reforms; - Firms' investment decisions in vulnerable Member States; - Corporate taxation and the composition of capital. EU candidate and pre-accession countries economic quarterly, 10/01/2014 ΕU http://ec.europa.eu/economy finance/db indicators/cpaceq/documents/cceq 2013 q4 en.pdf Publication The growth performance of the pre-accession countries improved in 2013. GDP growth turned positive in the four Western Balkan economies that had experienced recession in 2012 and gathered pace in the other countries where it had slowed down. Albania might be the sole exception to this general pattern. Having picked up in the first quarter and generally accelerated in the second quarter, growth further increased in the third quarter in several countries, including in Serbia where it had significantly weakened in the second trimester. It was driven in several cases by a surge in exports, a positive development albeit supported by volatile factors such as favourable weather conditions. Higher growth generally translated into some improvements or a stabilisation in labour market conditions but unemployment remains at very high levels in all Western Balkan economies. A common pattern of reduction of some macro-economic imbalances prevailed. Consumer price inflation further decelerated in the third quarter, except in Turkey, and average annual inflation declined in all countries in 2013. Similarly, the adjustment of external imbalances continued, except in Turkey. On the other hand, fiscal consolidation offers a more differentiated picture. It proved challenging in Albania, Montenegro and Serbia where deficits are high and government debt keeps rising. Potential Growth in Emerging Asia, 13/01/2014 **IMF** http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2014/wp1402.pdf **Working Paper** Using three distinct approaches—statistical filtering, production function, and multivariate model — this paper estimates potential growth for China, India, and five ASEAN countries (Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Thailand, and Vietnam) during 1993-2013. The main findings include: (i) both China and India have recently exhibited a slowdown in potential growth, largely reflecting a decline of total factor productivity (TFP) growth; (ii) by contrast, trend growth for the five ASEAN countries has been rather stable and might even have increased marginally, with the notable exception of Vietnam;(iii) over the longer term, demographic factors will be much more supportive in India and some ASEAN economies than in China, where working-age population should start shrinking, with the overall dependency ratio climbing by the end of this decade. Improving or sustaining potential growth calls for broad structural reforms. The External Balance Assessment (EBA) Methodology, January 13, 2014 IMF http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2013/wp13272.pdf **Working Paper** The External Balance Assessment (EBA) methodology has been developed by the IMF's Research Department as a successor to the CGER methodology for assessing current accounts and exchange rates in a multilaterally consistent manner. Compared to other approaches, EBA emphasizes distinguishing between the positive empirical analysis and the normative assessment of current accounts and exchange rates, and highlights the roles of policies and policy distortions. This paper provides a comprehensive description and discussion of the 2013 version ("2.0") of the EBA methodology, including areas for its further development. Launch of the Economic Survey of the Russian Federation 2014, 15/01/2014 OECD http://www.keepeek.com/Digital-Asset-Management/oecd/economics/oecd-economic-surveys-russian-**Publications** federation-2013 eco surveys-rus-2013-en#page1

Structural reforms to improve the business climate are key to raising potential growth and economic resilience. As energy prices stagnate and labour and capital become fully utilised, growth is falling behind pre-crisis rates. Making the economy stronger, more balanced, and less dependent on volatile rents from natural resource extraction is therefore a key challenge. This requires higher productivity growth and greater energy efficiency, both driven by competition, stronger investment and better matching of skills and jobs. The sequencing, political economy and implementation of structural reforms are all important.

Related documents:

Press release

http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/russian-economy-growing-but-further-reforms-needed.htm

Overview

http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/economic-survey-russia.htm

Remarks by OECD Secretary-General Angel Gurría

http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/launch-of-the-economic-survey-of-the-russian-federation-2013.htm

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November 2013: Euro area international trade in goods surplus 17.1 bn euro, 3.4 bn euro surplus for	EU
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November 2013 compared with October 2013: Industrial production up by 1.8% in euro area, up by 1.5%	EU
in EU28, 14/01/2014	Press Release
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December 2013: Economic Sentiment rises further in both the euro area and the EU, 09/01/2014	EU
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release IP-14-7 en.htm?locale=en	Press Release
Business Climate Indicator broadly unchanged in December, 09/01/2014	EU
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Prices and Purchasing Power Parities (PPP) - Consumer Price Index – OECD annual inflation picks up to	OECD
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http://www.oecd.org/std/prices-ppp/OECD-CPI-01-14.pdf	
Leading indicators and tendency surveys - Composite Leading Indicators (CLI), OECD, January 2014 -	OECD
Composite leading indicators point to an improving economic outlook in most advanced economies, 13/01/2014	Press Release
http://www.oecd.org/std/leading-indicators/CLI-Jan14.pdf	
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