

Válogatás

az ECB, az EU, az ESRB, az EBA, az EIOPA, az ESMA, az IMF, a BIS, az OECD, az IAIS és az IOSCO dokumentumaiból

2015. MÁRCIUS 5. - 11.



1. MONETÁRIS POLITIKA, INFLÁCIÓ

The ECB and its Watchers XVI Conference	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2015/html/sp150311.en.html	Speeches
Speech by Mario Draghi , President of the ECB, Frankfurt am Main, 11 March 2015	
Public sector security purchases and monetary dominance in a monetary union without a fiscal union	
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2015/html/sp150311 1.en.html	
Speech by Peter Praet , Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, at the Conference The ECB and Its	
Watchers XVI, Contribution to the Panel on Low-interest-rate Policy and Non-standard Monetary Policy	
Measures: Effectiveness and Challenges, Frankfurt am Main, 11 March 2015	
Embarking on public sector asset purchases	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2015/html/sp150310_1.en.html	Speech
Speech by Benoît Cœuré, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, at the Second International	
Conference on Sovereign Bond Markets, Frankfurt, 10 March 2015	
Introductory statement to the press conference (with Q&A)	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pressconf/2015/html/is150305.en.html	Speech
Speech by Mario Draghi , President of the ECB, Nicosia, 5 March 2015	opecen
speech by Mano Dragm, resident of the 200, Medsia, 5 March 2015	
Japan's economy and monetary policy	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r150310c.pdf?ql=1	Central Bankers
Speech by Mr Hiroshi Nakaso, Deputy Governor of the Bank of Japan, at a meeting with business	Speech
leaders, Ehime, 9 March 2015	
Recent economic and financial developments in Turkey	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r150310f.pdf?ql=1	Central Bankers
Speech by Mr Erdem Başçi, Governor of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey, at the press	Speech
conference for the presentation of the January 2015 Inflation Report, Ankara, 27 January 2015	
Letter from the ECB President to Mr Enrique Calvet Chambon, MEP, on the extended asset purchase	ECB
programme, 11/03/2015	Letters
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/150311letter_chambon.en.pdf	
Letter from the ECB President to the S&D Members on the extended asset purchase programme,	
11/03/2015	
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/150311letter_sd.en.pdf	
Implementation aspects of the public sector purchase programme (PSPP), 05/03/2015	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/mopo/lig/html/pspp.en.html	Press Release
	+
ECB/2015/10 decision on a secondary markets public sector asset purchase programme, 04/03/2015	Legal Act
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/ecb/legal/pdf/en_dec_ecb_2015_10_fsign.pdf	
Do professional forecasters behave as if they believed in the new Keynesian Phillips Curve for the euro	ECB
area? 10/03/2015	Working Paper
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp1763.en.pdf	
This paper finds that participants in the European Control Bank's Survey of Professional Foresesters have	
This paper finds that participants in the European Central Bank's Survey of Professional Forecasters have	
submitted forecasts that are consistent with a (mostly forward-looking) New Keynesian Phillips Curve for	
the euro area. The estimation results suggest that euro-area inflation forecasts have reacted less to	
unemployment forecasts after the start of the financial crisis but another cost measure (energy inflation)	
remains significant. This finding is consistent with a flatter Phillips Curve in the euro area.	

upport in the survey data. Instead, downward wage rigidities may be playing a prominent role.	
Keywords : New Keynesian Phillips curve, inflation, unemployment, panel data, Survey of Professional Forecasters, downward wage rigidities.	
Why do we need both liquidity regulations and a lender of last resort? A perspective from Federal Reserve lending during the 2007-09 US financial crisis, 06/03/2015 https://www.bis.org/publ/work493.pdf	BIS Working Paper
During the 2007-09 financial crisis, there were severe reductions in the liquidity of financial markets, turns on the shadow banking system, and destabilizing defaults and near-defaults of major financial institutions. In response, the Federal Reserve, in its role as lender of last resort (LOLR), injected extraordinary amounts of liquidity. In the aftermath, lawmakers and regulators have taken steps to educe the likelihood that such lending would be required in the future, including the introduction of iquidity regulations. These changes were motivated in part by the argument that central bank lending entails extremely high costs and should be made unnecessary by liquidity regulations. By contrast, some nave argued that the loss of liquidity regulations unnecessary. In this paper, we argue that LOLR ending, making liquidity regulations unnecessary. In this paper, we argue that LOLR ending and liquidity regulations are complementary tools. Liquidity shortfalls can arise for two very different reasons: First, sound institutions can face runs or deterioration in the liquidity of markets they depend on for funding. Second, solvency concerns can cause creditors to pull away from troubled institutions. Using examples from the recent crisis, we argue that central bank lending is the best esponse in the former situation, while orderly resolution (by the institution as it gets through the oroblem on its own or via a controlled failure) is the best response in the second situation. We also contend that liquidity regulations are a necessary tool in both situations: They help ensure that he authorities will have time to assess the nature of the shortfall and arrange the appropriate response, and they provide an incentive for banks to internalize the externalities associated with any liquidity risks.	
The Conduct of Monetary Policy in the Future - Instrument Use, 05/03/2015 http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/the-conduct-of-monetary-policy-in-the-future 5js4w293c46j-en	OECD Working Paper
The set of monetary policy instruments has expanded since the start of the global financial crisis in the nany OECD economies. Against this background, this paper analyses whether some of the new nstruments should be retained in the long term when broader financial stability objectives are likely to eature more prominently as monetary policy goals than prior to the crisis.	
t also assesses if these new instruments should be used during the transition to this situation and when countries are stuck in persistent stagnation. In the post recovery situation, central banks could ultimately evert to targeting short-term market rates with small balance sheets. This might, however, require changes to monetary policy implementation due to new liquidity requirements. The transition to this ituation will be lengthy and will require a mixture of liquidity draining instruments.	
Alternatively, they could adopt a floor system, which may benefit financial stability. The use of unconventional measures as a substitute for policy rate cuts will no longer be needed unless countries emain in persistent stagnation. Nevertheless, in the post-recovery normal, extended collateral and counterparty eligibility could be sustained, and currency swap lines among central banks could be expanded.	
Keywords: quantitative easing; liquidity; forward guidance; conventional and unconventional monetary policy; corridor and floor interest rate systems.	

2. PÉNZÜGYI STABILITÁS, PÉNZÜGYI PIACOK

Interview with Politis	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/inter/date/2015/html/sp150308.en.html	Interview
nterview with Benoît Cœuré, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, on 8 March 2015	
Financial stability and macro-prudential policy	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r150309a.pdf	Central Bankers
Concluding remarks by Mr Pedro Duarte Neves , Vice-Governor of the Bank of Portugal, at the Conference	Speech
on "Financial Stability and Macro-prudential Policy", Lisbon, 10 February 2015	opecen
Mergers: Commission welcomes General Court judgment upholding its prohibition of the NYSE Euronext	EU
/ Deutsche Börse merger, 09/03/2015	Press Release
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release MEMO-15-4579 en.htm?locale=en	
ncorporating financial stability considerations into central bank policy models, 06/03/2015	BIS
https://www.bis.org/events/ccaconf2015/agenda.htm	Press Release
Overview table of countercyclical capital buffer rates, 11/03/2015	ESRB
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/mppa/cbmd/shared/Overview_rates_countercyclical_capital_buffer.xls?fd349	Publication
<u>38bd575340db1b2b99cc4449e4b</u>	
Updated list of national macro-prudential measures, 11/03/2015	ESRB
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/mppa/cbmd/shared/Overview national macroprudential measures.xls?71ea	Publication
<u>17e3609b621ee0017ff9b5c7de73</u>	
Regulatory treatment of sovereign exposures, 10/03/2015	ESRB
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/esrbreportregulatorytreatmentsovereignexposures032015.en.	Report
pdf?3e014a3d6f1b2f983eacc722adc7b338	
Sovereign exposures have been seen as a source of fragility in the recent and prolonged episodes of	
financial stress and as a factor of crisis mitigation. According to the ESRB, the current regulatory framework	
of sovereign exposures needs to be re-examined at a global level. The report argues that, from a macro-	
prudential point of view, the current regulatory framework may have led to excessive investment by	
financial institutions in government debt. The report recognises the difficulty in reforming the existing	
framework without generating potential instability in sovereign debt markets. It examines a set of possible	
options which may be considered, both in banking and insurance, and offers a detailed discussion of the	
pros and cons.	
Notification of the National Bank of Slovakia to the ESRB on setting of the countercyclical capital buffer	ESRB
rate for Slovakia at 0 per cent, 05/03/2015	Publication
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/150303_notifikacia_CCB-	
NBS_Slovakia.pdf?7292aa0098173f9f39a45ec648464d31	
Notification of the Banca d'Italia to the ESRB on the identification of global systemically important	ESRB
institutions, 05/03/2015	Publication
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/150302 Notification G-	
SIIs_bcit.pdf?c0e9f0f575b7d99222ecce12db6988c1	
Notification of the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution of France to the ESRB on the	ESRB
dentification of global systemically important institutions, 05/03/2015	Publication
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/150303 Notification G- SIIs.pdf?cb53d043e47e6df754f7fc1e92784f47	

Notification of the Prudential Regulation Authority of the UK to the ESRB on the identification of global	ESRB
systemically important institutions, 05/03/2015	Publication
http://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/150227_Notification_Cion_EBA_and_ESRB2014.pdf?eaa049c7	
dad65eb8d28feab2452620aa	

3. MIKROPRUDENCIÁLIS FELÜGYELET ÉS SZABÁLYOZÁS

The Future of Banking – a Central Banker's view	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2015/html/sp150310.en.html	Speech
Speech by Yves Mersch, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, at the Economist Future of Banking	
Summit in Paris, 10 March 2015	
Presentation of the book "Financial regulation: the solution or the problem?"	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r150309d.pdf	Central Bankers
Closing address by Mr Fernando Restoy , Deputy Governor of the Bank of Spain, at the presentation of the book "Financial regulation: the solution or the problem?", Fundación de Estudios Financieros, Madrid, 5 March 2015	Speech
MEPs vote to channel funds towards long term European investment, 10/03/2015	EU
http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/news-room/content/20150306IPR31736/html/MEPs-vote-to-	Press Release
channel-funds-towards-long-term-European-investment	
Full equivalence assessments of Bermuda, Japan and Switzerland, 11/03/2015	EIOPA
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Pages/News/EIOPA-publishes-the-Final-Reports-on-full-equivalence-assessments-	Press Release
of-Bermuda-Japan-and-Switzerland.aspx	
Update of the Technical Information on the relevant risk free interest rate term structures – January and	EIOPA
February 2015, 06/03/2015	Press Release
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Pages/News/Update-of-the-Technical-Information-on-the-relevant-risk-free-	
interest-rate-term-structures-January-and-February-2015.aspx	
Monthly update of the symmetric adjustment of the equity capital charge for Solvency II - February 2015, 06/03/2015	EIOPA Press Release
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Pages/News/Monthly-update-of-the-symmetric-adjustment-of-the-equity-capital-	
charge-for-Solvency-II-February-2015.aspx	
ESMA sees continued tense securities market conditions, 11/03/2015	ESMA
http://www.esma.europa.eu/news/Press-release-ESMA-sees-continued-tense-securities-market-	Press Release
conditions?t=326&o=home	
ESMA publishes responses received to consultation on MiFID II/MiFIR, 10/03/2015	ESMA
http://www.esma.europa.eu/consultation/Consultation-MiFID-IIMiFIR#responses	Press Release
ESMA and MAS conclude MoU on CCPs, 09/03/2015	ESMA
http://www.esma.europa.eu/news/ESMA-and-MAS-conclude-MoU-CCPs?t=326&o=home	Press Release
	ESMA
ESMA and RBA conclude MoU on access to data held in trade repositories, 05/03/2015	
ESMA and RBA conclude MoU on access to data held in trade repositories, 05/03/2015 http://www.esma.europa.eu/news/ESMA-and-RBA-conclude-MoU-access-data-held-trade- repositories?t=326&o=home	Press Release

Draft Implementing Technical Standards on the allocation of credit assessments of ECAIs to an objective scale of credit quality steps, 06/03/2015 https://eiopa.europa.eu/Publications/Consultations/JC%20CP%202015%20001%20(Joint%20CP%20on%20	EBA-EIOPA-ESM Joint Consultation
draft%20ITS%20on%20mapping%20of%20ECAIs%20under%20SII).pdf	consultation
The Implementing Technical Standards (ITS) contains a table assigning the appropriate Credit Quality Steps to the rating categories of External Credit Assessment Institution (ECAIs). This mapping serves the calculation of the Solvency II capital requirements under the Standard Formula and contributes to improving risk management of EU insurers. The overall objective of this ITS is to reach consistency between the banking and the insurance framework in this area.	
EBA Validation Rules, 10/03/2015	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/997051/EBA+Validation+Rules+-+2015+03+10	Rules
The EBA issued a revised list of validation rules in its Implementing Technical Standards (ITS) on supervisory reporting, highlighting those which have been deactivated either for incorrectness or for triggering IT problems. Competent Authorities throughout the EU are informed that data submitted in accordance with these ITS should not be validated against the set of deactivated rules.	
Opinion on the partial waiver, 05/03/2015	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/983359/EBA-Op-2015-	Opinion
08+Opinion+on+the+partial+waiver.pdf	+
The EBA announced that significant potential concentration problems in Sweden justify the application of a partial waiver on covered bonds. The opinion is addressed to the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority and follows their notification that they intend to implement a partial waiver on the eligibility of covered bonds in relation to risk weight preferential treatment. The verdict comes after a review of the Swedish covered bonds market and concerns the application of Article 129 (1) of the Capital Requirements Regulation.	Press Release
Related press release:	
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-finds-swedish-waiver-on-covered-bonds-justified	
Draft RTS on the Clearing Obligation on Interest Rate Swaps, 09/03/2015	ESMA
http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2015- 511 revised opinion on draft rts on the clearing obligation.pdf	Revised Opinior
ESMA's draft Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) Regulatory Technical Standard (RTS) had originally been sent for	
endorsement to the European Commission by 1 October 2014. On 29 January 2015, the Commission	
responded with a corrigendum notification, which informed ESMA of its intention to endorse the draft RTS with amondments. This opinion revises ESMA's earlier opinion published on 20 January 2015. However,	
with amendments. This opinion revises ESMA's earlier opinion published on 29 January 2015. However, besides incorporating practical issues raised by the Commission corrigendum notification, the revised	
opinion does not introduce material changes compared to the original opinion nor were the actual draft IRS RTS modified.	
Compiled Responses to ICS Consultation Published, 06/03/2015	IAIS
http://iaisweb.org/index.cfm?event=showNewsDetails&nodeID=47936&moduleContentid=38953	Publication

4. SZANÁLÁS

The EBA advises on resolution procedures for EU banks, 06/03/2015	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/the-eba-advises-on-resolution-procedures-for-eu-banks	Press Release
EBA acknowledges notification from Austrian Financial Market Authority, 05/03/2015	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-acknowledges-notification-from-austrian-financial-market-authority	Press Release
Draft Regulatory Technical Standards and guidelines on Business Reorganisation Plans, 09/03/2015	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1008804/EBA-CP-2015-	Consultation
05+%28CP+on+RTS+and+GL+on+Business+reorganisation+plan%29.pdf	
The EBA launched a public consultation on its draft Regulatory Technical Standards (RTS) on the content of 'Business Reorganisation Plans and Progress Reports" and Guidelines on the assessment of these plans. The RTS and the Guidelines have been developed within the framework established by the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) which sets procedures for the recovery and resolution of credit nstitutions, investment firms and related entities across the EU.	
Draft RTS on the information on financial contracts that should be contained in the detailed records and the circumstances in which the requirement should be imposed, 06/03/2015 http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1006126/EBA-CP-2015- 04+%28CP+on+Detailed+records+of+financial+contracts%29.pdf	EBA Consultatior
The EBA launched a public consultation on draft Regulatory Technical Standards (RTS) on detailed records of financial contracts of institutions or relevant entities. These RTS have been developed within the framework established by the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive which sets procedures for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions, investment firms and related entities across the EU Single Market. These standards aim to guarantee appropriate convergence in record keeping across the EU, whilst also ensuring that differences in institutions or relevant entities are taken into account.	

5. KÖLTSÉGVETÉSI POLITIKA, ADÓZÁS

France gets two more years to correct its government deficit, 10/03/2015	EU
http://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2015/03/150310-france-gets-two-more-years-	Press Release
to-correct-government-deficit/	
Eurogroup statement on follow-up to the 8 December Eurogroup statement on Draft Budgetary Plans,	EU
09/03/2015	Press Release
http://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2015/03/150309-eurogroup-press-statement/	
Comparing fiscal multipliers across models and countries in Europe, 09/03/2015	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp1760.en.pdf	Working Paper
This paper employs fifteen dynamic macroeconomic models maintained within the European System of	
Central Banks to assess the size of fiscal multipliers in European countries. Using a set of common	
simulations, we consider transitory and permanent shocks to government expenditures and different	
taxes. We investigate how the baseline multipliers change when monetary policy is transitorily	
constrained by the zero nominal interest rate bound, certain crisis-related structural features of the	
economy such as the share of liquidity-constrained households change, and the endogenous fiscal rule	
that ensures fiscal sustainability in the long run is specified in terms of labour income taxes instead of	
lump-sum taxes.	

Finland: Fiscal Transparency Evaluation, 11/03/2015	IMF
http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/scr/2015/cr1560.pdf	Country Report
 Finland meets most of the principles of the Fiscal Transparency Code at good or advanced level. Some areas, notably related to the analysis and management of fiscal risks, are still rated as basic or below, but with a few exceptions the importance of these areas for fiscal management in Finland is relatively low. Fiscal reporting in Finland is transparent and meets good or advanced practice in all areas. Finland's fiscal forecasting and budgeting practices meet advanced standards in most areas. This report makes eight recommendations aimed at enhancing the information-base for fiscal decision making and ensuring Finland remains at the forefront of international fiscal transparency standards and practices. 	+ Press Release
Related press release: http://www.imf.org/external/np/sec/pr/2015/pr15109.htm	
Romania: Fiscal Transparency Evaluation, 11/03/2015 http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/scr/2015/cr1567.pdf	IMF Country Report
 Since 2010, a comprehensive program of public financial management reform in Romania has led to significant improvements in fiscal transparency. Thanks in part to these recent reforms, Romania performs well against the Fiscal Transparency Code in many areas. This report makes seven recommendations to address these issues and materially improve the level of information available to decision-makers and the public. 	+ Press Release
Related press release: http://www.imf.org/external/np/sec/pr/2015/pr15108.htm	
How Delaying Fiscal Consolidation Affects the Present Value of GDP, 05/03/2015 http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/wp/2015/wp1552.pdf	IMF Working Paper
We develop a simple model to examine the conditions under which delaying fiscal consolidation can affect the present value of GDP via the fiscal stance's effects on the output gap and hysteresis. We find that the absolute size of the fiscal multiplier—the focus of much empirical investigation and policy debate—is likely inconsequential in this regard. Rather, what matters is the degree to which the multiplier during the initial period of fiscal stimulus differs from the multiplier when the stimulus is withdrawn. If the multiplier is constant over time, delaying consolidation is unlikely to significantly boost the present value of GDP via effects on the output gap and hysteresis. The potential success of such efforts relies instead on exploiting time-variation in multipliers.	
Keywords: Fiscal consolidation, hysteresis, fiscal multipliers	
Sub-central Tax Autonomy - 2011 Update, 09/03/2015 http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/taxation/sub-central-tax-autonomy_5js4t79sbshd-en	OECD Working Paper
This paper provides an update of the indicators that measure the tax autonomy of sub-central governments in OECD countries. Over the last decade, tax autonomy at the state level increased, while it hardly changed at the local level. The OECD now has tax autonomy indicators for the years 1995, 2002, 2005, 2008 and 2011.	

6. PÉNZFORGALOM, FIZETÉSI RENDSZEREK

MEPs put an end to opaque card payment fees, 10/03/2015	EU
<u>http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/news-room/content/20150306IPR31705/html/MEPs-put-an-end-to-opaque-card-payment-fees</u>	Press Releases
Commission welcomes European Parliament vote to cap interchange fees and improve competition for card-based payments, 10/03/2015 http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release IP-15-4585 en.htm?locale=en	
CPMI and IOSCO begin review of central counterparties stress testing , 11 March 2015	BIS/CPMI/IOSCO
<u>http://www.bis.org/press/p150311.htm</u>	Press Release

7. ÁLTALÁNOS GAZDASÁGPOLITIKA

EU semester 2015: recommendations for economic and social improvement, 11/03/2015	EU
http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/news-room/content/20150306IPR31721/html/EU-semester-	Press Releases
2015-recommendations-for-economic-and-social-improvement	
Commission welcomes Council discussion on European Semester reports and adoption of a recommendation to France, 10/03/2015	
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release MEMO-15-4587 en.htm	
EU Finance Ministers agree Regulation for Commission's Investment Plan fund, 10/03/2015	EU
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_STATEMENT-15-4583_en.htm?locale=en	Press Releases
Project financing: Council agrees negotiating stance on European fund for strategic investments, 10/03/2015	
http://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2015/03/150310-project-financing-council-	
agrees-negotiating-stance-european-fund-for-strategic-investments/	
Council negotiating stance on the EFSI regulation:	
http://register.consilium.europa.eu/pdf/en/15/st06/st06831.en15.pdf	
nvestment Plan for Europe: Italy to contribute €8 billion, 10/03/2015	
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_IP-15-4588_en.htm?locale=en	
Remarks by Jeroen Dijsselbloem at the press conference following the Eurogroup meeting of 9 March 2015, 09/03/2015	EU Press Releases
http://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2015/03/150309-eurogroup-dijsselbloem- remarks/	
Commissioner Moscovici's comments at Eurogroup Press Conference, 09/03/2015	
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release_SPEECH-15-4584_en.htm	
nvestment Plan for Europe: France to contribute €8 billion, 06/03/2015	EU
nttp://europa.eu/rapid/press-release IP-15-4577 en.htm?locale=en	Press Release

IMF Executive Board Approves 4-Year US\$17.5 Billion Extended Fund Facility for Ukraine, US\$5 Billion for Immediate Disbursement, 11/03/2015 http://www.imf.org/external/np/sec/pr/2015/pr15107.htm	IMF Press Releases
Statement by IMF Managing Director Christine Lagarde on Ukraine, 11/03/2015 http://www.imf.org/external/np/sec/pr/2015/pr15105.htm	
Wealth shocks, unemployment shocks and consumption in the wake of the Great Recession, 10/03/2015 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp1762.en.pdf	ECB Working Paper
Data from the 2009 Internet Survey of the Health and Retirement Study show that many U.S. households experienced large capital losses in housing and financial wealth, and that 5% of respondents lost their job during the Great Recession. As a consequence of these shocks, many households reduced substantially their expenditures. For every 10% loss in housing and financial wealth, the estimated drop in household expenditure is about 0.56% and 0.9%, respectively. In addition, those who became unemployed reduced spending by 10%. We also distinguish the effect of perceived transitory and permanent wealth shocks, splitting the sample between households who think that the stock market is likely to recover in a year's time, and those who do not. We find that the latter group adjusted much more than the former its spending in response to financial wealth shocks.	
Global value chains: a view from the euro area, 09/03/2015 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp1761.en.pdf	ECB Working Paper
This paper describes the main features of Global Value Chains (GVCs) in the euro area taken as a whole and compares with other large trade players like the US, China and Japan. In addition, the perspective of individual euro area countries is considered, with a focus on intra euro area linkages. The analysis relies primarily on the concept of foreign value added in exports, as a way to assess the pervasiveness of GVCs, it covers the period 2000-2011 and bases on the World Input-Output Database (WIOD). The paper finds that GVCs are important for the euro area as whole and they have rebounded after the great trade collapse. Moreover, there is a strong relevance of regional production linkages in Europe, with Germany playing a key role.	
Keywords: International trade, Global Value Chains, Euro Area	
March 2015 ECB staff macroeconomic projections for the euro area, 05/03/2015 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/ecbstaffprojections201503.en.pdf	ECB Publication
Overall, real GDP growth is projected to pick up from 0.9% in 2014 to 1.5% in 2015, and to 1.9% in 2016 and 2.1% in 2017. In contrast, the pace of potential output is estimated to remain rather modest, as the contribution from labour and capital remain subdued on account of high structural unemployment and in the aftermath of a long phase of weak investment. This implies that the estimated negative output gap will be closing over the projection horizon.	
The Western Balkans: 15 Years of Economic Transition, 09/03/2015 http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/reo/2015/eur/eng/pdf/erei_sr_030915.pdf	IMF Publication +
This Regional Economic Issues Special Report examines the major economic achievements attained by Western Balkan countries in the last 15 years and the need to complete the transition to market economies to lay the ground for future sustainable growth.	Press Release
Related press release: New IMF Report Urges Balkan Countries to Complete Reform Process	

Boosting Productivity in Russia - Skills, Education and Innovation, 05/03/2015	OECD
http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/boosting-productivity-in-russia 5js4w26114r2-en	Working Paper
	+
The labour market in Russia is very flexible. Firms adjust to economic shocks through wage cuts, working	Speech
hour reductions and minimisation of non-wage labour costs. Workers react by changing jobs. This results	+
in a high and stable overall employment rate, but also high wage inequality, informality and labour	Press Release
turnover, which limits incentives for firms to invest in human capital and productivity improvements.	
While educational attainment is very high, the education system needs to be strengthened to respond to	
the needs of a skill-based economy. School-employer cooperation is low and opportunities for higher	
education are unequally distributed. Adequate funding for education institutions is not assured	
everywhere while inefficiencies persist. Private spending on innovation is very low and Russia	
underperforms in terms of scientific outputs and patents. Support for low-tech innovation and	
technology adoption, especially among SMEs is narrow because of a bias towards large and high-tech	
projects, which however are only loosely related to Russian manufacturing capacity. Reform of the public	
R&D sector is incomplete, notably with respect to strengthening funding on a competitive basis.	
Keywords: innovation; labour turnover; human capital; trade unions; unemployment benefits; PISA;	
flexibility; VET; inequality; collective bargaining; skills matching; education; active labour market policies.	

8. STATISZTIKA

Euro area securities issues statistics – January 2015, 11/03/2015	ECB
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Three Member States already achieved their 2020 targets, 10/03/2015	Press Release
http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/2995521/6734513/8-10032015-AP-EN.pdf/3a8c018d-3d9f-	
4f1d-95ad-832ed3a20a6b	
Second estimate for the fourth quarter of 2014: GDP up by 0.3% in the euro area and by 0.4% in the	EU
EU28; +0.9% and +1.3% respectively compared with the fourth quarter of 2013, 06/03/2015	Press Release
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8 March 2015 - International Women's Day: Women earned on average 16% less than men in 2013 in	EU
the EU; 2 out of 3 managers are men, 2 out of 3 clerical workers are women, 05/03/2015	Press Release
http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/2995521/6729998/3-05032015-AP-EN.pdf/f064bb11-e239-	
4 <u>a8c-a40b-72cf34f1ac6f</u>	
G20 GDP growth steady at 0.9% in the fourth quarter of 2014, 11/03/2015	OECD
http://www.oecd.org/std/na/G20-GDP-Eng-Q414.pdf	Press Release
DECD unemployment rate at 7.0% in January 2015 - Harmonised Unemployment Rates (HURs) -	OECD
Updated, 10/03/2015	Press Release
nttp://www.oecd.org/std/labour-stats/HUR-Mar15.pdf	

Composite leading indicators point to positive change in growth momentum in the euro area - Composite Leading Indicators (CLI) Updated, 09/03/2015	OECD Press Release
http://www.oecd.org/std/leading-indicators/CLI-Mar15.pdf	
Revenue Statistics in Latin America and the Caribbean 2015, 10/03/2015 <u>http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/taxation/revenue-statistics-in-latin-america-and-the-caribbean-</u> <u>2015_rev_lat-2015-en-fr</u>	OECD Publication +
The Revenue Statistics in Latin America publication is jointly undertaken by the OECD Centre for Tax Policy and Administration, the OECD Development Centre, the Inter American Center of Tax Administrations (CIAT), the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) and the Inter-American Development bank (IDB). It compiles comparable tax revenue statistics for a number of Latin American and Caribbean economies, the majority of which are not OECD member countries. The model is the OECD Revenue Statistics database which is a fundamental reference, backed by a well-established methodology, for OECD member countries. Extending the OECD methodology to Latin American countries enables comparisons about tax levels and tax structures on a consistent basis, both among Latin American economies and between OECD and Latin American economies.	Press Release
Related press release: Latin America and the Caribbean: Tax revenues remain stable http://www.oecd.org/newsroom/latinamerica-and-the-caribbean-tax-revenues-remain-stable.htm	

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