

Válogatás

az ECB, az EU, az ESRB, az EBA, az EIOPA, az ESMA, az IMF, a BIS, az FSB, az OECD, az IAIS és az IOSCO

dokumentumaiból



TARTALOMJEGYZÉK

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1. MONETÁRIS POLITIKA, INFLÁCIÓ

The macroeconomic situation and monetary policy in the euro area	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2017/html/sp170223_1.en.html	Speech
Introductory remarks by Mr. Peter Praet , Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, at the MNI	
Connect Roundtable and OMFIF lunch discussion, London, 23 February 2017.	
Overview of recent monetary and macroeconomic trends in Serbia	BIS
http://www.bis.org/review/r170223a.pdf	Central Bankers
Introductory speech by Dr. Jorgovanka Tabaković, Governor of the National Bank of Serbia, at the	Speech
presentation of the Inflation Report - February 2017, Belgrade, 22 February 2017.	
Transcript of the Cornell College of Business Annual New York City Predictions Event	BIS
http://www.bis.org/review/r170224a.pdf	Central Bankers
Transcript of a discussion between Mr. William C Dudley, President and Chief Executive Officer of the	Speech
Federal Reserve Bank of New York, and Ms Maureen O'Hara, Robert W Purcell Professorship of	
Management, at the Cornell College of Business Annual New York City Predictions Event, New York City,	
15 February 2017.	
Lingering low interest rate environment and monetary accommodation in the euro area - impact on	BIS
the region?	Central Bankers
http://www.bis.org/review/r170223g.pdf	Speech
Platform for discussion by Ms. Anita Angelovska-Bezhoska, Vice-Governor of the National Bank of the	
Republic of Macedonia, at the Bank for International Settlements Meeting of the Working Party on	
Monetary Policy in Central and Eastern Europe, Budapest, 9-10 February 2017.	
How robust is the result that the cost of "leaning against the wind" exceeds the benefit? Response to	ECB
Adrian and Liang, 28/02/2017	Working Paper
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2031.en.pdf?51a2e33a403b75fa50645429fe6a9f81	
The main result in Svensson (2017) and its previous versions is that, given current knowledge and	
empirical estimates, the cost of using monetary policy to "lean against the wind" for financial stability	
purposes exceeds the benefit by a substantial margin. Adrian and Liang (2016a) conduct a sensitivity	
analysis of this result, state that "the result that costs exceed benefits rely critically on assumptions	
about the change in unemployment in a recession or crisis, the crisis probability, and the elasticity of	
crisis probability with respect to the interest rate," and provide alternative assumptions that they assert	
would overturn the result. This paper shows that Adrian and Liang's alternative assumptions are hardly	
realistic: they exceed existing empirical estimates by more than 11, 13, and 40 standard errors.	
Keywords: Financial crises, financial stability, monetary policy.	
Global inflation: the role of food, housing and energy prices, 23/02/2017	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2024.en.pdf?a5b34ac30d0cd6a24b2f0af97e66d910	Working Paper
This paper studies the role of global factors in causing common movements in consumer price inflation,	
with particular focus on the food, housing and energy sub-indices. It uses a comprehensive dataset of	
223 countries and territories collected from national and international sources. Global factors explain a	
arge share of the variance of national inflation rates for advanced countries - and more generally those	
with greater GDP per capita, financial development and central bank transparency - but not for middle	
and low income countries. Common factors explain a large share of the variance in food and energy	
prices.	
Knuwerde: Clobal inflation: common factor; food prices; energy prices	
Keywords: Global inflation; common factor; food prices; energy prices.	

Monetary policy and bank lending in a low interest rate environment: diminishing effectiveness?, 27/02/2017 http://www.bis.org/publ/work612.pdf	BIS Working Paper
This paper analyses the effectiveness of monetary policy on bank lending in a low interest rate environment. Based on a sample of 108 large international banks, our empirical analysis suggests that reductions in short-term interest rates are less effective in stimulating bank lending growth when rates reach a very low level. This result holds after controlling for business and financial cycle conditions and different bank-specific characteristics such as liquidity, capitalisation, funding costs, bank risk and income diversification. We find that the impact of low rates on the profitability of banks' traditional intermediation activity helps explain the subdued evolution of lending in the period 2010-14.	
Keywords: Bank lending; monetary transmission mechanisms; low interest rate environment.	

2. PÉNZÜGYI STABILITÁS, PÉNZÜGYI PIACOK

Have we passed "peak finance"?	BIS
http://www.bis.org/speeches/sp170228.pdf	Management
Lecture by Mr. Jaime Caruana, General Manager of the BIS, for the International Center for Monetary	Speech
and Banking Studies, Geneva, 28 February 2017.	
The possible impact of Brexit on the financial landscape	BIS
http://www.bis.org/review/r170228a.pdf	Central Bankers
Speech by Dr. Andreas Dombret, Member of the Executive Board of the Deutsche Bundesbank, at zeb	Speech
(consultancy for financial services), London, 24 February 2017.	
Letter from the ECB President to Ms Paloma López Bermejo, MEP, on the financial sector adjustment	ECB
programme for Spain, 01/03/2017	Letter
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/170227letter lopezbermejo.en.pdf?9a2480b317e39587df41	
<u>88ded8a07c4e</u>	
Government guarantees and financial stability, 28/02/2017	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2032.en.pdf?70acf0b8f7c5d9b6684a8f4265ad492d	Working Paper
Banks are intrinsically fragile because of their role as liquidity providers. This results in underprovision of liquidity. We analyze the effect of government guarantees on the interconnection between banks'liquidity creation and likelihood of runs in a model of global games, where banks' and depositors' behavior are endogenous and affected by the amount and form of guarantee. The main insight of our analysis is that guarantees are welfare improving because they induce banks to improve liquidity provision although in a way that sometimes increases the likelihood of runs or creates distortions in banks' behavior.	
Keywords: Panic runs; fundamental runs; government guarantees; bank moral hazard.	
Financial transaction taxes, market composition, and liquidity, 28/02/2017	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2030.en.pdf?1c93722a39362f6591433f0faa2ff176	Working Paper
We use the introduction of a financial transaction tax (FTT) in France in 2012 to test competing theories on its impact. We find no support for the idea that an FTT improves market quality by affecting the composition of trading volume. Instead, our results are in line with the hypothesis that a lower trading volume reduces liquidity, and thereby market quality. Consistent with theories of asset pricing under transaction costs, we document a shift in security holdings from short-term to long-term investors. Finally, our findings show that moderate aggregate effects on market quality can mask large adjustments made by individual agents.	
Keywords: Financial transaction tax; institutional trading; liquidity; high-frequency trading.	

Macro stress testing euro area banks' fees and commissions, 27/02/2017 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2029.en.pdf?e2d40fb19e8894c46d039a5df68ff155	ECB Working Paper
This paper uses panel econometric techniques to estimate a macro-financial model for fee and commission income over total assets for a broad sample of euro area banks. Using the estimated parameters, it conducts a scenario analysis projecting the fee and commission income ratio over a three years horizon conditional on the baseline and adverse macroeconomic scenarios used in the 2016 EU-wide stress test. The results indicate that the fee and commission income ratio is varying in particular with changes in its own lag, the short-term interest rate, stock market returns and real GDP growth. They also show that the fee and commission income ratio projections are more conservative under the adverse scenario than under the baseline scenario.	
Keywords: Fee and commission income; stress testing; scenario analysis.	
Economic crises and the eligibility for the lender of last resort: evidence from 19th century France, 24/02/2017	ECB Working Paper
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2027.en.pdf?becc127094af6e081173a29f3f209a16	tronking ruper
This paper shows that a central bank can more efficiently mitigate economic crises when it broadens eligibility for its discount facility to any safe asset or solvent agent. We use difference-in-differences panel regressions and emulate crises by studying how defaults of banks and non-agricultural firms were affected by the arrival of an agricultural disease. We exploit the specificities of the implementation of the discount window to deal with the endogeneity of the access to the central bank to the arrival of the crisis and local default rates. We find that broad eligibility reduced significantly the increase in the default rate when the shock hit the local economy.	
Keywords : Discount window; collateral; Bagehot rule; Bank of France; default.	
A panel VAR analysis of macro-financial imbalances in the EU, 24/02/2017 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2026.en.pdf?75d0e2df52ed4c41a040aaede6e81545	ECB Working Paper
We investigate the interactions across current account misalignments, real effective exchange rate misalignments and financial (or output) gaps within EU countries. We apply panel techniques, including a Bayesian panel VAR, to 27 EU members over the period 1994-2012. We find that, for the euro area, the reaction of current account misalignments to a shock in the real effective exchange rate misalignments is the largest and the financial gap can influence the current account misalignments more than the output gap. In non-euro area countries and euro periphery an increase in current account misalignments leads to a temporary increase in the real effective exchange rate misalignments and thus amplifying current account fluctuations.	
Keywords : Current account; real effective exchange rate; financial gaps; panel VAR; foreign capital flows.	
Optimizing policymakers' loss functions in crisis prediction: before, within or after?, 23/02/2017 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2025.en.pdf?fd429b24cdfc23069f0e9743b03e9691	ECB Working Paper
Early-warning models most commonly optimize signaling thresholds on crisis probabilities. The ex-post threshold optimization is based upon a loss function accounting for preferences between forecast errors, but comes with two crucial drawbacks: unstable thresholds in recursive estimations and an in-sample overfit at the expense of out-of-sample performance. We propose two alternatives for threshold setting: (i) including preferences in the estimation itself and (ii) setting thresholds ex-ante according to preferences only. Given probabilistic model output, it is intuitive that a decision rule is independent of the data or model specification, as thresholds on probabilities represent a willingness to issue a false alarm vis-à-vis missing a crisis.	
Keywords: Early-warning models; Loss functions; Threshold setting; Predictive performance.	

ESRB/2012/2 Recommendation on funding of credit institutions: Follow-up – Summary Compliance	ESRB
Report, 01/03/2017 https://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/recommendations/2017/esrbrecommendation_2012_2_summary _compliance_report.en.pdf?1694c184d3c98de5eef3b6c7bb1530b6	Report
This report presents a high-level overview of implementation by the addressees of Recommendation ESRB/2012/2 on funding of credit institutions. The addressees complied with the recommendations on funding plans, asset encumbrance and covered bonds, resulting in the mitigation of funding risks.	
International Journal of Central Banking (IJCB) – March 2017 issue: Special issue on international prudential policy spillovers: Evidence from the International Banking Research Network, 01/03/2017 http://www.bis.org/ijcb.htm	BIS Publication
 Contents: International Prudential Policy Spillovers: A Global Perspective. International Banking and Cross-Border Effects of Regulation: Lessons from Canada, Switzerland, Chile, Germany, France, Hong Kong, Italy, Mexico, Korea, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States. Changes in Prudential Policy Instruments—A New Cross-Country Database. Cross-Border Prudential Policy Spillovers: How Much? How Important? Evidence from the International Banking Research Network. 	
The effects of tax on bank liability structure, 23/02/2017 http://www.bis.org/publ/work611.pdf	BIS Working Paper
This paper examines the effects of taxation on the liability structure of banks. We derive testable predictions from a dynamic model of optimal bank liability structure that incorporates bank runs, regulatory closure and endogenous default. Using the supervisory data provided by the Bank of Italy, we empirically test these predictions by exploiting exogenous variations of the Italian tax rates on productive activities (IRAP) across regions and over time (especially since the global financial crisis). We show that banks endogenously respond to a reduction in tax rates by reducing non-deposit liabilities more than deposits in addition to lowering leverage.	
Keywords: Bank liability structure; corporate tax; leverage.	

3. MIKROPRUDENCIÁLIS FELÜGYELET ÉS SZABÁLYOZÁS

Letter from the ECB President to Ms Paloma López Bermejo, MEP, on Spanish legislation, 01/03/2017	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/170227letter_lopezbermejo_1.en.pdf?d645e462939d7000	Letter
<u>2ae4ef4e72000a4f</u>	
ECB Banking Supervision conducts sensitivity analysis focused on effects of interest rate changes,	ECB/SSM
28/02/2017	Press Releases
https://www.bankingsupervision.europa.eu/press/pr/date/2017/html/sr170228.en.html	
FAQ: ECB sensitivity analysis of IRRBB – stress test 2017, 28/02/2017	
https://www.bankingsupervision.europa.eu/about/ssmexplained/html/2017_stress_test_FAQ.en.html	
EBA updates on the 2018 EU-wide stress test timeline, 27/02/2017	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-updates-on-the-2018-eu-wide-stress-test-timeline	Press Release
FSB assesses implementation progress and effects of reforms, 28/02/2017	FSB
http://www.fsb.org/2017/02/fsb-assesses-implementation-progress-and-effects-of-reforms/	Press Release

AIS Announces Systemic Risk Assessment and Policy Workplan - Workplan to include development of an activities-based approach to systemic risk, 28/02/2017	IAIS Press Releases
https://www.iaisweb.org/page/news/press-releases/file/65229/iais-press-release-systemic-risk-	
assessment-workplan	
As part of the next three-year cycle for reviewing its approach to systemic risk assessment scheduled to conclude in 2019, the IAIS is developing an activities-based approach to systemic risk assessment in the insurance sector. To put this into effect, the IAIS has adopted a systemic risk assessment and policy workplan. The workplan consists of a logical sequence of planned activities.	
Guide for the Targeted Review of Internal Models (TRIM), 28/02/2017 https://www.bankingsupervision.europa.eu/ecb/pub/pdf/trim_guide.en.pdf	ECB/SSM Publication
The Targeted Review of Internal Models (TRIM) is aimed at enhancing the credibility and confirming the adequacy and appropriateness of approved Pillar I internal models permitted for use by significant nstitutions when calculating own funds requirements.	
A stochastic forward-looking model to assess the profitability and solvency of European insurers, 27/02/2017 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/scpwps/ecbwp2028.en.pdf?1e6cbb746043b0571832b4001a02eb	ECB Working Paper
n this paper, we develop an analytical framework for conducting forward-looking assessments of profitability and solvency of the main euro area insurance sectors. The model highlights the potential threats to insurers solvency and profitability stemming from a sustained period of low interest rates particularly in those markets which are largely exposed to reinvestment risks due to the relatively high guarantees and generous profit participation schemes. The model also proves how the resilience of nsurers to adverse financial developments heavily depends on the diversification of their business mix. Finally, the model identifies potential negative spillovers between life and non-life business through the redistribution of capital within groups.	
Keywords: Financial Stability; Insurance; Interest Rate Risk; Stress Test.	
Variation margin exchange under the EMIR RTS on OTC derivatives, 23/02/2017 http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1762986/ESAs+Communication+on+Industry+Request+ on+Forbearance+Variation+Margin+Implementation.pdf	Joint Committee of the ESAs Statement
The ESAs have published a statement in response to industry requests relating to operational challenges in meeting the deadline of 1 March 2017 for exchanging variation margin.	
EBA Recovery Planning - Comparative Report On Recovery Options, 01/03/2017 http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1720738/EBA+Comparative+report+on+recovery+options+-+March+2017.pdf	EBA Report + Press Release
The EBA published today its fourth thematic comparative Report on recovery planning. The focus of this comparative analysis is recovery options, which are crucial for assessing institutions' actual capacity to regain viability following a period of severe financial distress. Overall, recovery plans in the	
sample provided a good overview of recovery options and clear improvements were seen across the board, although some challenges still remain. This benchmarking exercise aims at supporting supervisors in their assessment to identify the crucial elements that banks should consider when designing and selecting credible recovery options.	

Consultation Paper - Draft Regulatory Technical Standards on the specification of the nature, severity and duration of an economic downturn in accordance with Articles 181(3)(a) and 182(4)(a) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, 01/03/2017 <u>http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1768419/Consultation+Paper+on+draft+RTS+on+the+s</u> <u>pecification+of+the+nature%2C%20severity+and+duration+of+an+economic+downturn+%28EBA-CP-</u> <u>2017-02%29.pdf</u> The EBA launched today a public consultation on its draft RTS specifying the nature, severity and	EBA Consultation + Press Release
duration of an economic downturn according to which institutions shall estimate the downturn LGD and conversion factor CF. These draft RTS are part of the EBA's broader work on the review of the IRB approach aimed at reducing the unjustified variability in the outcomes of internal models, while preserving the risk sensitivity of capital requirements. The consultation runs until 29 May 2017. <i>Related press release:</i>	
EBA consults on specification of an economic downturn http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-consults-on-specification-of-an-economic-downturn	
CRD IV - CRR / Basel III Monitoring Exercise - Results based on data as of 30 June 2016, 28/02/2017 http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1720738/CRDIV_CRR- Basel+III+Monitoring+Exercise+Report+June+2016.pdf The EBA published today its eleventh Report of the CRDIV-CRR/Basel III monitoring exercise on the European banking system. This exercise, run in parallel with the one conducted by the BCBS at a global	EBA Publication + Press Release
level, presents aggregate data on capital ratios – risk-based and non-risk-based (leverage) – and liquidity ratios – the LCR and NSFR – for banks across the EU. It summarises the results using data as of 30 June 2016 but does not reflect any BCBS standards agreed since the beginning of 2016, such as the revisions to the market risk framework, or any other BCBS proposals, which have not yet been finalised, including the revisions to credit and operational risk frameworks.	
Related press release: EBA publishes results of the CRDIV-CRR/Basel III monitoring exercise as of end June 2016 <u>http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-publishes-results-of-the-crdiv-crr-basel-iii-monitoring-exercise-as-of-end-june-2016</u>	
Final Report - Draft Regulatory Technical Standards on Strong Customer Authentication and common and secure communication under Article 98 of Directive 2015/2366 (PSD2), 23/02/2017 <u>http://www.eba.europa.eu/documents/10180/1761863/Final+draft+RTS+on+SCA+and+CSC+under+PS</u> D2+%28EBA-RTS-2017-02%29.pdf	EBA Publication + Press Release
The EBA published today its final draft RTS on strong customer authentication and common and secure communication. These RTS, which were mandated under the revised PSD2 and developed in close cooperation with the ECB, pave the way for an open and secure market in retail payments in the European Union.	
Related press release: EBA paves the way for open and secure electronic payments for consumers under the PSD2 <u>http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-paves-the-way-for-open-and-secure-electronic-payments-for-</u> <u>consumers-under-the-psd2</u>	
The year-end report 2016 on Functioning of Colleges of Supervisors and priorities for 2017, 01/03/2017 https://eiopa.europa.eu/Publications/Administrative/Year- end%20report%202016%20on%20functioning%20of%20colleges%20of%20supervisors%20and%20prio rities%20for%202017.pdf	EIOPA Report
The EIOPA published today its 2016 Year-end report on Functioning of Colleges of Supervisors and priorities for 2017. The work of the Colleges of Supervisors is crucial for the conduct of high-quality	

authorities. The report shows that the European insurance market is dominated by more than 90 cross-border insurance groups with a head office in the EEA.	
ElOPA Risk Dashboard – February 2017, 28/02/2017	EIOPA
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Publications/Standards/EIOPA-BoS-17-	Publication
022%20EIOPA%20RISK%20DASHBOARD%20February%202017.pdf	+ Press Release
Background Note	TTESS Nelease
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Publications/Standards/EIOPA-BoS-17-	
019%20EIOPA%20Risk%20Dashboard%20Background%20Note.pdf	
Today, EIOPA published for the first time after the implementation of the new Solvency II regime its	
new Risk Dashboard. Although Solvency II implied a major change in the methodological framework for	
the calculation of the solvency capital requirements, the initial transition to the new regime was	
smooth. The results for the third-quarter 2016 show that the low-yield environment and market risks	
continue to be a major challenge for the European insurance sector. The new EIOPA Risk Dashboard is	
based on an extended sample of undertakings and on an improved methodological approach.	
Related press release:	
EIOPA's new Risk Dashboard for the first time based on the Solvency II Data https://eiopa.europa.eu/Pages/News/EIOPA%E2%80%99s-new-Risk-Dashboard-for-the-first-time-	
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Pages/News/EiOPA%E2%80%99s-new-Risk-Dashboard-for-the-first-time- based-on-the-Solvency-II-Dataaspx	
Jaseu-On-the-Solvency-h-Dataaspx	
Technical documentation of the methodology to derive EIOPA's risk-free interest rate term	EIOPA
structures, 27/02/2017	Publication
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Publications/Standards/Technical%20Documentation%20%2827%20February	
%202017%29.pdf	
The EIOPA published today an update of the technical documentation of the methodology to derive	
the risk-free interest rate term structures (see here). The update includes the following changes: the	
government bond tickers for Bulgaria, China, India, South Africa, Taiwan and Thailand are discontinued	
by the data provider and are replaced accordingly. The new tickers are applied for reference dates as	
of 1 February 2017. The annual update of the transition matrices for the calculation of the	
fundamental spreads in January 2017 was reflected in the technical documentation. The changes will	
be taken into account in the production of the technical information for end of February 2017.	
Final Report - Draft RTS on package orders for which there is a liquid market, 28/02/2017	ESMA
nttps://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma70-872942901- 21 final report package orders.pdf	Report
Regulatory Technical Standards	
https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/commission_delegated_regulation-	
package_orders.pdf	
The ESMA has published today its final report on draft RTS regarding the treatment of package orders	
under the amended MiFID II and MiFIR.	
Harmonisation of the Unique Transaction Identifier, 28/02/2017	BIS CPMI/IOSCO
https://www.iosco.org/library/pubdocs/pdf/IOSCOPD557.pdf	Publication
A new report provides technical guidance to authorities to enable them to set rules on assigning	+ Press Release
uniform global UTIs to OTC derivatives transactions. The report, entitled Harmonisation of the Unique	TTESS NEIEdSE
Transaction Identifier, is a joint effort of the CPMI and the IOSCO.	
This Technical Guidance covers:	
This Technical Guidance covers: ● The circumstances in which a UTI should be used, ie for reportable transactions that have not	

 The impact of life cycle events on the UTI, through setting out principles that provide guidance on when a life cycle event should or should not cause a new UTI to be used. Which entity (or entities) should be responsible for generating UTIs, with the aim of ensuring that there is a well defined entity responsible for UTI generation for every transaction while respecting the different nature of transactions and providing flexibility. When UTIs should be generated, considering the reporting time scales imposed by different jurisdictions. UTIs' structure and format, ie how they should be constructed, their length and which characters should be used in their construction. 	
Related press release: Harmonisation of the Unique Transaction Identifier (UTI), guidance issued by CPMI-IOSCO http://www.iosco.org/news/pdf/IOSCONEWS453.pdf	
Basel III Monitoring Report – February 2017, 28/02/2017 http://www.bis.org/bcbs/publ/d397.pdf	BIS/BCBS Publication
This report presents the results of the Basel Committee's latest Basel III monitoring exercise based on data as of 30 June 2016. Related press release: Basel III monitoring results published by the Basel Committee, 28/02/2017 http://www.bis.org/press/p170228.pdf	Press Release
Basel III – The Net Stable Funding Ratio: frequently asked questions, February 2017 (update of FAQs published in July 2016), 24/02/2017 http://www.bis.org/bcbs/publ/d396.pdf	BIS/BCBS Publication + Press Release
The Basel Committee on Banking Supervision has issued a second set of frequently asked questions (FAQs) and answers on Basel III's Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR). These respond to a number of interpretation questions received by the Basel Committee related to the October 2014 publication of the NSFR standard. The questions and answers are combined with those published in the first set of FAQs and are grouped according to the following themes: (i) Definitions; (ii) Repo/secured lending; (iii) Derivatives; (iv) Maturity; and (v) Other.	
Related press release: Second set of FAQs issued on Basel III's Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) http://www.bis.org/press/p170224.htm	
IOSCO Statement on Variation Margin Implementation, 23/02/2017 http://www.iosco.org/library/pubdocs/pdf/IOSCOPD556.pdf	IOSCO Statement
The Board of the IOSCO acknowledges the challenges facing some market participants working to complete the necessary documentation and processes to be in full compliance with variation margin requirements, which are scheduled to take effect by 1 March 2017 in accordance with minimum standards established by IOSCO and BCBS and implemented under domestic laws in various jurisdictions. While reaffirming its commitment to implementation of the margin requirements by 1 March 2017, the Board believes that relevant IOSCO members, to the extent permitted by their relevant legal and supervisory frameworks, also should consider taking appropriate measures available to them to ensure fair and orderly markets during the introduction and application of such variation margin requirements.	

4. SZANÁLÁS

Some ways to decisively resolve bank stressed assets	BIS
http://www.bis.org/review/r170223c.pdf	Central Bankers'
Speech by Dr. Viral V Acharya, Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, at the Indian Banks'	Speech
Association Banking Technology Conference, Mumbai, 21 February 2017.	

5. KÖLTSÉGVETÉSI POLITIKA, ADÓZÁS

Governments and Promised Fiscal Consolidations: Do They Mean What They Say? 23/02/2017 http://www.imf.org/~/media/Files/Publications/WP/2017/wp1739.ashx This paper analyses the causes and consequences of fiscal consolidation promise gaps, defined as the distance between planned fiscal adjustments and actual consolidations. Using 74 consolidation episodes derived from the narrative approach in 17 advanced economies during 1978 – 2015, the paper shows that promise gaps were sizeable (about 0.3 percent of GDP per year, or 1.1 percent of GDP during an average fiscal adjustment episode). Both economic and political factors explain the gaps: for example, greater electoral proximity, stronger political cohesion and higher accountability were all associated	IMF Working Paper
 with smaller promise gaps. Finally, governments which delivered on their fiscal consolidation plans were rewarded by financial markets and not penalized by voters. <i>Keywords:</i> Political economy; fiscal consolidation; budget plan; budget implementation; promise gap; narrative approach; elections; fractionalization; accountability. Accrual Practices and Reform Experiences in OECD Countries, 24/02/2017 	OECD
http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/governance/accrual-practices-and-reform-experiences-in-oecd- countries_9789264270572-en	Publication
Financial reporting is one of the foundations of good fiscal management. High-quality financial reports are essential to ensure that a government's fiscal decisions are based on the most up-to-date and accurate understanding of its financial position. Financial reports are also the mechanism through which legislatures, auditors, and the public at large hold governments accountable for their financial performance. This study reviews and compares accounting and budgeting practices at the national government level in OECD countries. It also discusses both the challenges and benefits of accruals reforms. Finally, it looks at some steps countries are taking to make better use of accrual information in the future. This is a joint publication with the International Federation of Accountants and the OECD.	
OECD Recommendation on Disaster Risk Financing Strategies, 24/02/2017 http://www.oecd.org/daf/fin/insurance/OECD-Recommendation-Disaster-Risk-Financing-Strategies.pdf	OECD Publication
The Recommendation provides a set of high-level recommendations for designing a strategy for addressing the financial impacts of disasters on individuals, businesses and sub-national levels of governments, as well as the implication for public finances.	

6. PÉNZFORGALOM, FIZETÉSI RENDSZEREK

Global pipes - challenges for systemic financial infrastructure	BIS
http://www.bis.org/review/r170223e.pdf	Central Bankers
Speech by Sir Jon Cunliffe , Deputy Governor for Financial Stability of the Bank of England, at the Official Monetary and Financial Institutions Forum, London, 22 February 2017.	Speech
Payment systems - next orbit	BIS
http://www.bis.org/review/r170223b.pdf	Central Bankers
Speech by Mr. R Gandhi , Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, at the launch of the Bharat QR Code, Mumbai, 20 February 2017.	Speech
Fenth survey on correspondent banking in euro – 2016, 28/02/2017	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/other/surveycorrespondentbankingineuro201702.en.pdf?651487 aa2ace9afbac36d8d7e7784203	Publication
Given their relevance for the smooth functioning of payment systems, correspondent banking services have been within the scope of the Eurosystem's oversight activity since the European Central Bank (ECB) was established. The Eurosystem has conducted surveys on correspondent banking business since 1999 in order to monitor its importance, size and development. The tenth and most recent correspondent banking survey was conducted in May 2016 and, like the previous two surveys, covered only those banks with an average daily turnover on loro accounts of at least €1 billion.	
Distributed ledger in payment, clearing and settlement - an analytical framework, 27/02/2017 http://www.bis.org/cpmi/publ/d157.pdf	BIS/CPMI Publication +
The report aims to help central banks and other authorities review and analyse the use of distributed edger technology (DLT) in the "financial plumbing" which underpins the smooth operation of financial markets. The report focuses on the implications of the technology for efficiency and safety and for the proader financial market. It contains a set of key questions that may be useful to authorities and others to consider when looking at DLT arrangements.	Press Release
Related press release: Distributed ledgers in payment, clearing and settlement carry promise as well as risks	

7. ÁLTALÁNOS GAZDASÁGPOLITIKA

Creating stability in an uncertain world	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/key/date/2017/html/sp170223.en.html	Speech
Speech by Mr. Peter Praet, Member of the Executive Board of the ECB, at the conference "Brexit and	
the implications for financial services" jointly organised by SUERF and hosted by Ernst & Young, London, 23 February 2017.	
Interview with Klaus Regling	EU
https://www.esm.europa.eu/interviews/klaus-regling-interview-el-pa%C3%ADs-spain	Speech
Interview with Mr. Klaus Regling , Managing Director of European Stability Mechanism (ESM), published in El País (Spain) on 26 February 2017.	

The future of global economic cooperation - Brexit, Basel III and beyond http://www.bis.org/review/r170224d.pdf	BIS Central Bankers'
Speech by Dr. Andreas Dombret , Member of the Executive Board of the Deutsche Bundesbank, at a reception to welcome Olga Wittchen, Financial Attaché, as the Bundesbank's representative in London, London, 23 February 2017.	Speech
Introductory comments at the financial statements press conference 2016 http://www.bis.org/review/r170224b.pdf Introductory comments by Dr. Jens Weidmann , President of the Deutsche Bundesbank and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank for International Settlements, at the financial statements press conference 2016, Frankfurt am Main, 23 February 2017.	BIS Central Bankers' Speech
Italy's lost productivity and how to get it back http://www.bis.org/review/r170224c.pdf Opening remarks by Mr. Ignazio Visco, Governor of the Bank of Italy, at the Riccardo Faini Memorial Conference "Italy's lost productivity and how to get it back", Rome, 13 January 2017.	BIS Central Bankers' Speech
Single bidding in Europe is back, and you should be worried, 01/03/2017 http://oecdinsights.org/2017/03/01/single-bidding-in-europe-is-back-and-you-should-be-worried/	OECD Opinion
Complexity: A new approach to economic challenges, 28/02/2017 http://oecdinsights.org/2017/02/28/complexity-a-new-approach-to-economic-challenges/	OECD Opinion
Citizens should get access to data on firm owners to fight money laundering, 28/02/2017 http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/news-room/20170227IPR64164/citizens-should-get-access- to-data-on-firm-owners-to-fight-money-laundering	EU Press Release
Agreement to extend EU programme on financial reporting and auditing, 27/02/2017 http://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2017/02/27-financial-reporting-auditing/	EU Press Release
European Commission White Paper on the future of Europe, 01/03/2017 http://europa.eu/rapid/attachment/IP-17- 385/en/White%20Paper%20on%20the%20future%20of%20Europe.pdf As announced in President Juncker's 2016 State of the Union speech, the European Commission presented a White Paper on the Future of Europe, which forms the Commission's contribution to the Rome Summit of 25 March 2017. The White Paper sets out the main challenges and opportunities for Europe in the coming decade. It presents five scenarios for how the Union could evolve by 2025 depending on how it chooses to respond. <i>Related press releases:</i> Commission presents White Paper on the future of Europe: Avenues for unity for the EU at 27, 01/03/2017 http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release IP-17-385 en.htm?locale=en Future of the EU: MEPs discuss five scenarios set out by Jean-Claude Juncker, 01/03/2017 http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/news-room/20170228IPR64287/future-of-the-eu-meps- discuss-five-scenarios-set-out-by-jean-claude-juncker	EU Publication + Press Releases

Turkey's Economy Hit By Declining Tourism, 23/02/2017	IMF
http://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2017/02/21/NA230217Turkeys-Economy-Hit-By-Declining-	News Article
<u>Fourism</u>	
Turkey's previously booming tourism sector was gravely hit in the wake of a series of terrorist attacks	
and domestic political turmoil. The dwindling number of visitors has hurt connecting sectors, chopping	
off about one percentage point of GDP from the country's growth in 2016.	
Risk sharing and real exchange rates: the role of non-tradable sector and trend shocks, 28/02/2017	BIS
http://www.bis.org/publ/work613.pdf	Working Pape
Mast of the international master models in contract to the data imply a year high lovel of risk sharing	
Most of the international macro models, in contrast to the data, imply a very high level of risk sharing across countries and very low real exchange rate (RER) volatility relative to output. In this paper we	
show that a standard two-country two-good model augmented with conintegrated TFP processes	
comes closer to matching the data.	
Keywords : Trends shocks; risk sharing; real exchange rates.	
Finance and productivity: A literature review, 01/03/2017	OECD
http://www.oecd.org/eco/Finance-and-productivity-A-literature-review.pdf	Working Pape
This paper surveys a broad range of studies and highlights the main findings of the empirical literature	
regarding business finance and productivity. Numerous studies analyse the productivity effects of	
financial development and frictions. The results suggest: 1) Financial development likely has favourable	
effects on productivity growth; 2) financial frictions that impede the efficient flow of finance can	
mitigate the positive effects through a variety of channels; and 3) the magnitudes of productivity costs	
of financial frictions generally appear modest in financially developed economies but are considerably	
larger in developing economies. The paper also reviews studies of the influence of specific mechanisms	
on productivity, such as human capital, corporate finance, financial sector efficiency, equity finance and venture capital.	
Keywords: Finance; productivity; financial development; financial friction; insolvency regime; human	
capital; venture capital; business cycle.	
OECD Economic Surveys: India 2017, 28/02/2017	OECD
http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/oecd-economic-surveys-india-2017 eco surveys-ind-2017-en	Publication
	+
ndia is the fastest-growing G20 economy, thanks to ambitious structural reforms and low commodity	Speech
prices. However, investment is still held back by the relatively high corporate income tax rates, slow	+
and acquisition processes, stringent regulations, weak corporate balance sheets, high non-performing	Press Release
oans and infrastructure bottlenecks. Quality job creation has been low, due to complex labour laws. A	+
comprehensive tax reform would promote inclusive growth. Spatial disparities in living standards are	Opinion
arge. In rural areas, poverty rates are high and access to core public services is often poor. Farm	
productivity is low owing to small and fragmented land holdings, poor input management, and nefficient market conditions	
Related speech:	
Launch of the 2017 Economic Survey of India	
http://www.oecd.org/india/launch-of-the-2017-economic-survey-of-india.htm	
Remarks by Angel Gurría, Secretary-General, OECD, New Delhi, India, 28 February 2017	
Related press release:	
ndia: Strong growth has raised incomes and reduced poverty, but challenges remain	
http://www.oecd.org/newsroom/india-strong-growth-has-raised-incomes-and-reduced-poverty-but-	
<u>challenges-remain.htm</u>	

Related opinion:

Efficient, Equitable and Enforceable: three "Es" for reforming India's tax system and better finance public services

https://oecdecoscope.wordpress.com/2017/02/28/efficient-equitable-and-enforceable-three-es-forreforming-indias-tax-system-and-better-finance-public-services/

8. STATISZTIKA

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