

28 October 2005

# PRESS RELEASE

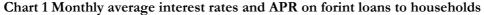
# Household and non-financial corporate sector interest rates, interbank lending rates: September 2005

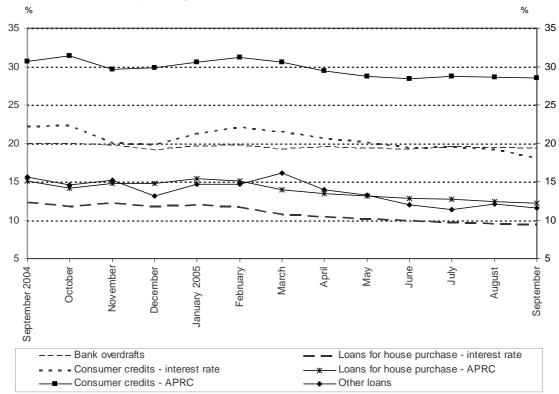
In September 2005, the averages of interest rates on forint loans to and deposits from households and non-financial corporations both fell. In interbank forint market, average interest rates were also lower than in August.

Average interest rates on euro loans to and deposits from households fell. Average interest rates on non-financial corporations' euro loans and deposits were only little changed in the month under review.

# 1 Households

# 1.1 Forint loans and deposits





In the household sector, the average interest rate on overdrafts changed by 16 basis points to 19.30%. The average interest rate on bank housing loans¹ changed by 9 basis points to 9.45%, the APR changing by 17 basis points to 12.25%. The average interest rate on consumer credit fell by 112 basis points to 18.14%, the APR changing by 10 basis points to 28.52%. The average interest rate on other loans was down by 53 basis points to 11.56%.

The amount of consumer credit extended was HUF 21.2 billion in September. That was HUF 2.9 billion lower than in the preceding month. Excluding overdrafts, consumer credit as a proportion of new loans changed from 49.3% in August to 49.0% in the month under review.

The amount of loans provided for house purchase was HUF 16.9 billion, down HUF 2.7 billion on the preceding month. Excluding overdrafts, housing loans as a proportion of new loans changed from 40.0% to 39.1% in one month.

The amount of other loans granted was HUF 5.1 billion in September, accounting for 11.8% of the total amount of new loans, excluding overdrafts. The amount of new other loans extended to households fell by HUF 0.1 billion, their percentage share of the total rising by 1.1 percentage points in one month.

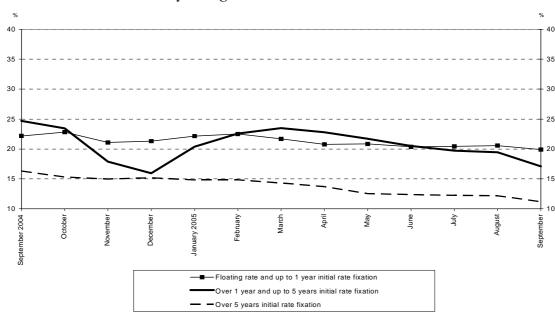


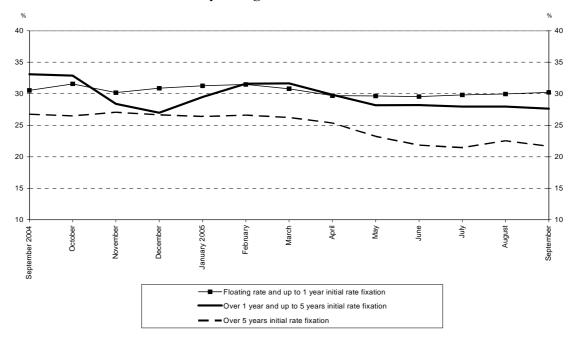
Chart 2 Monthly average interest rates on forint consumer credit

The average interest rate on consumer credit provided to the household sector with a floating interest rate or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation fell by 65 basis points to 19.92%; that on consumer credit with over 1 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation by 236 basis points 17.10%; and that on consumer credit with over 5 years initial rate fixation by 101 basis points to 11.18%.

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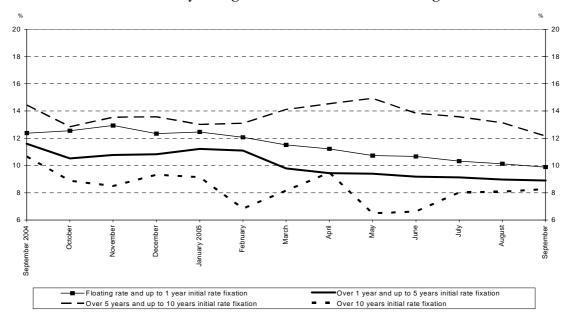
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This press release contains market interest rates and APR on bank loans for house purchase. In the case of subsidised housing loans, average interest rates and the APR include interest rates after adjusting for the amount of government subsidy.

Chart 3 Monthly average APR on forint consumer credit



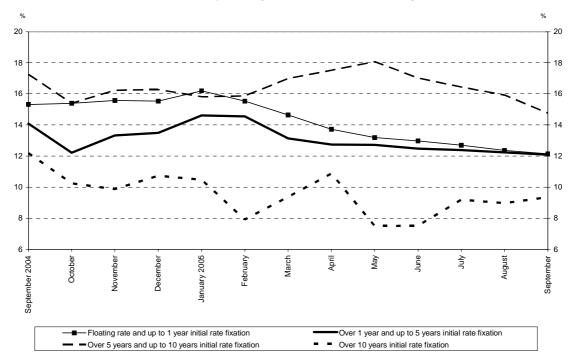
The average APR on consumer credit extended to the household sector with a floating interest rate or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation rose by 27 basis points to 30.23%. The average APR on consumer credit with over 1 and up to 5 years initial rate fixation fell by 32 basis points 27.64% and that on consumer credit with over 5 years initial rate fixation by 87 basis points 21.67%.

Chart 4 Monthly average interest rates on forint housing loans



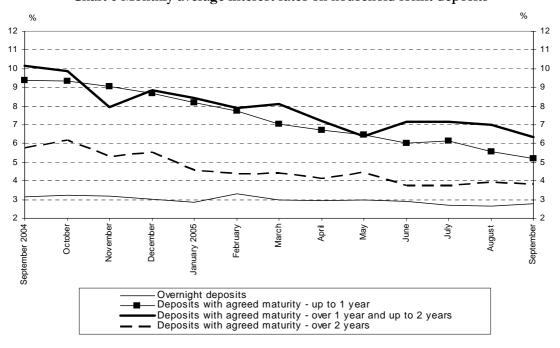
The average interest rate on loans for house purchase with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation fell by 24 basis points to 9.88% and that on loans with over 1 year and up to 5 years initial rate fixation changed by 8 basis points to 8.89%. The average interest rate on loans with over 5 years and up to 10 years initial rate fixation fell by 98 basis points to 12.15% and that on loans for house purchase with over 10 years initial rate fixation changed by 20 basis points to 8.27%.

Chart 5 Monthly average APR on forint housing loans



The average APR on loans for house purchase with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation changed by 22 basis points to 12.14% and that on loans with over 1 year and up to 5 years initial rate fixation by 15 basis points to 12.09%. The APR on loans with over 5 years and up to 10 years initial rate fixation fell by 116 basis points to 14.76% and that on loans for house purchase with over 10 years initial rate fixation rose by 39 basis points to 9.35%.

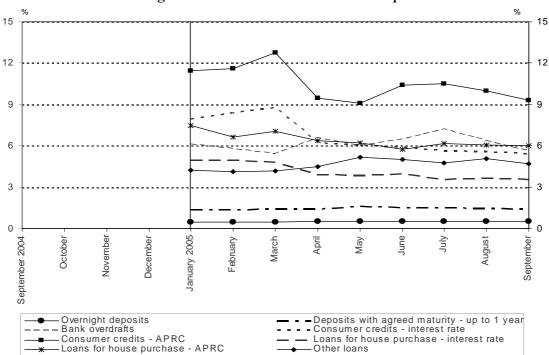
Chart 6 Monthly average interest rates on household forint deposits



The average of interest rates on households' overnight deposits changed by 13 basis points to 2.77% in one month. The average interest rate on deposits with agreed maturity up to one year fell by 35 basis points to 5.19% and that on deposits with agreed maturity over 1 year and up to 2 years by 64 basis points to 6.36%. The average interest rate on deposits with agreed maturity over 2 years changed by 9 basis points to 3.85%. The amount of new time deposits from households was HUF 534.3 billion in September, up HUF 12.8 billion on the preceding month.

# 1.2 Euro loans and deposits

Chart 7 Monthly average interest rates and APR on euro loans to households and monthly average interest rates on household euro deposits<sup>2</sup>



The average interest rate on euro overdrafts provided to households fell by 71 basis points to 5.65%. The average interest rate on loans for house purchase with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation changed by 11 basis points to 3.54%, the APR changing by 3 basis points to 6.01%. The average interest rate on consumer credit with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation changed by 14 basis points to 5.43%, the APR falling 68 basis points to 9.30%. The average interest rate on other loans with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation was down by 40 basis points to 4.68%. The amount of consumer credit extended to households with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation fell by HUF 0.6 billion to HUF 3.2 billion and that of housing loans by HUF 0.6 billion to HUF 1.7 billion. The amount of other loans extended rose by HUF 0.5 billion to HUF 1.4 billion.

The average interest rate on euro deposits with agreed maturity up to one year changed by 5 basis points to 1.42% and that on overnight and current account deposits by 1 basis point to 0.53%. The amount of deposits from households with agreed maturity up to one year rose by HUF 24.8 billion to HUF 81.3 billion.

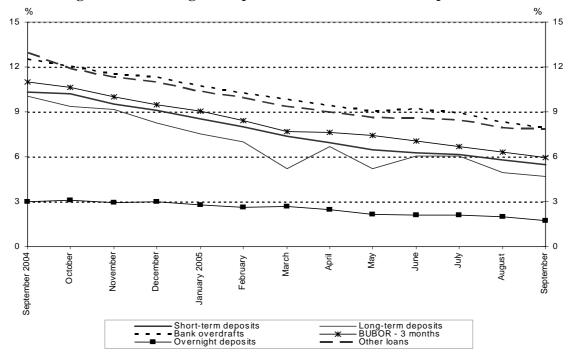
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Chart 7 plots data on consumer credit, housing loans and other loans with a floating interest rate or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation.

### 2 Non-financial corporations

# 2.1 Forint loans and deposits

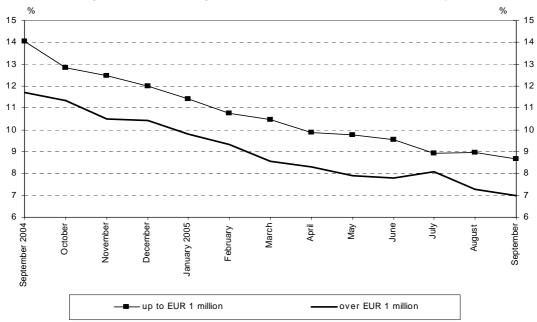
Chart 8 Average forint borrowing and deposits rates of non-financial corporations and BUBOR



The average interest rate on overdrafts provided to non-financial corporations fell by 40 basis points to 7.93% and that of interest rates on loans other than overdrafts changed by 13 basis points to 7.84%. The amount of loans granted, excluding overdrafts, was HUF 125.7 billion in September, after falling by HUF 63.0 billion relative to the preceding month.

The average of interest rates on deposits with agreed maturity up to one year fell by 34 basis points to 5.47% and that of interest rates on deposits with agreed maturity over one year by 31 basis points to 4.66%. The amount of new time deposits from non-financial corporations was HUF 1,347.3 billion in September. That meant a fall of HUF 11.7 billion relative to August. The average interest rate on overnight and current account deposits changed by 13 basis points to 1.60%.

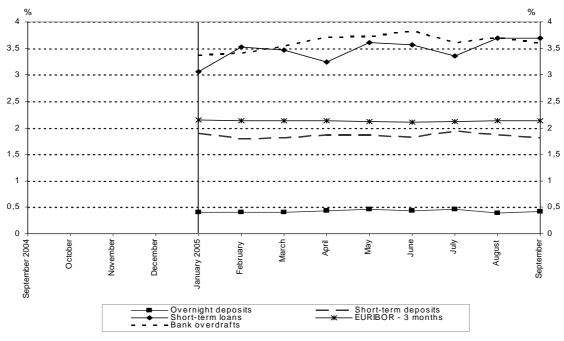
Chart 9 Average forint borrowing rates of non-financial corporations (by loan amount)



The average interest rate on loans provided to non-financial corporations up to EUR 1 million,<sup>3</sup> excluding bank overdrafts, fell by 30 basis points to 8.67% and that of loans over EUR 1 million by 30 basis points to 6.99%.

# 2.2 Euro loans and deposits

Chart 10 Monthly average forint borrowing and deposit rates of non-financial corporations and EURIBOR



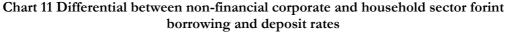
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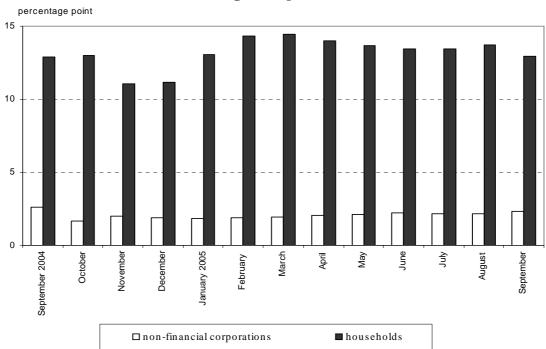
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Forint-denominated loans are converted into euros at the MNB's middle exchange rate for the last day of the month. The interest rates only refer to forint loans. Consequently, loans denominated and recorded in forints are converted into euros retrospectively. Conversion is important to make Hungarian data comparable with those of the European Central Bank and euro area Member States.

The average interest rate on euro overdrafts provided to non-financial corporations changed by 11 basis points to 3.60% and that on loans with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation, other than overdrafts, by 1 basis point to 3.69%. The amount of loans with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation, excluding overdrafts, was HUF 95.9 billion in September, after rising by HUF 36.2 billion relative to the preceding month.

The average of interest rates on NFCs' overnight and current account deposits changed by 3 basis points to 0.42%. The average of interest rates on deposits with agreed maturity up to one year changed by 4 basis points to 1.82%. The amount of new time deposits from non-financial corporations fell by HUF 33.1 billion to HUF 338.5 billion.

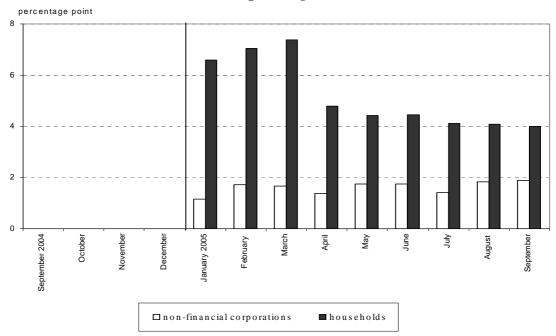
# 3 Differentials between loan and deposit rates





In the household sector, the differential between average interest rates on consumer credit and on deposits with agreed maturity up to one year narrowed from 13.71 percentage points to 12.95 percentage points. At short maturities, which account for a significant share within NFC sector loans and deposits, the gap between average interest rates widened from 2.14 percentage points to 2.32 percentage points.

Chart 12 Differential between non-financial corporate and household sector euro borrowing and deposit rates



In the household sector, the difference between average interest rates on consumer credit with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation and on euro deposits with agreed maturity up to one year narrowed from 4.09 percentage points to 4.00 percentage points. The difference between average interest rates on non-financial corporations' loans with floating interest rates or with up to 1 year initial rate fixation and euro deposits with agreed maturity up to one year widened from 1.82 percentage points to 1.88 percentage points.

# 4 Interbank unsecured forint loans

Chart 13 Average official and forint interbank rates in August 2005

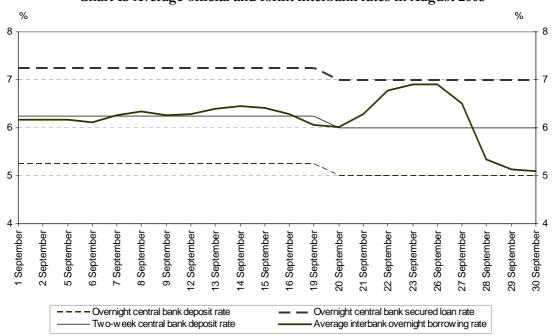
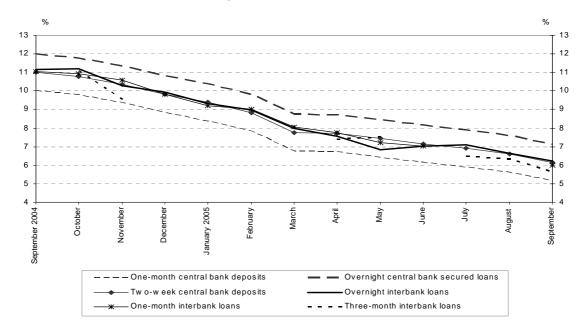


Chart 14 Average official and forint interbank rates



Turnover in the forint interbank market amounted to HUF 2,422.3 billion in September. That was HUF 205.1 billion higher than in the preceding month. The average overnight lending rate, weighted by the total amount of transactions, fell by 44 basis points to 6.22%, the average interest rate on loans provided for three months falling by 70 basis points to 5.65%. The average interest rate on loans provided for one month was 6.00% in the month under review.

Daily interbank rates are available on request at the MNB's Communications Department. In addition, details of average interest rates and the amounts of new loans and deposits in the reference month which the MNB uses to calculate average interest rates as well as interest rates, weighted by month-end stocks, are available on the Bank's website at:

#### NFCs:

Data on forint loan and deposit rates:

http://www.mnb.hu/Resource.aspx?ResourceID=mnbfile&resourcename=en0901 vallalkozoi HUF Data on euro loan and deposit rates:

http://www.mnb.hu/Resource.aspx?ResourceID=mnbfile&resourcename=en0901\_vallalkozoi\_EUR

#### Households:

Data on forint loan and deposit rates:

http://www.mnb.hu/Resource.aspx?ResourceID=mnbfile&resourcename=en0902\_lakossagi\_HUF Data on euro loan and deposit rates:

http://www.mnb.hu/Resource.aspx?ResourceID=mnbfile&resourcename=en0902\_lakossagi\_EUR

#### Interbank market:

http://www.mnb.hu/Resource.aspx?ResourceID=mnbfile&resourcename=en0903 bankkozi

MAGYAR NEMZETI BANK STATISTICS DEPARTMENT

# Notes to the press release charts

This press release includes, in addition to data on transactions in the forint interbank market, credit institutions' lending and deposit rates applied in their loan and deposit transactions with Non-financial corporations (S.11) and Households (S.14), as well as the aggregate amounts of new loans provided to and deposits accepted from the two sectors. The interest rate statistics also include data on Non-profit institutions serving households (S.15), in addition to households. Furthermore, credit institutions also include building societies whose business is to accept deposits from households and non-financial corporations at low interest rates and to provide loans – mainly for house purchase – at below-market interest rates.

The differences between interest rates in this press release are calculated from data before rounding. Consequently, the differences may differ from those derived from rounded interest rates published.

#### Chart 1

- a) Average interest rates on consumer credit, housing loans and other loans refer to new contracts. By contrast, interest rates on overdrafts refer to end-of-month stocks. Consequently, the Bank uses the total amount of new loans and the end-of-month stocks as weights to calculate average interest rates on the first three categories of loans and on overdrafts, respectively. Average interest rates do not include those on non-performing loans.
- b) Other loans include, among others, sole proprietors' entrepreneurial loans as well as non-consumer and loans for purposes other than house purchase.
- c) In addition to interest rates on consumer credit and other loans, the Bank also publishes the APR expressing total costs of consumer credit and housing loans of the household sector. The method underlying the calculation of the APR, published by the MNB, is identical to that defined by Government Decree No. 41/1997, and it is applicable to all types of consumer credit and housing loans, irrespective of maturity.

#### Charts 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7

From January 2003, contractual data on loans are broken down by initial interest rate fixation instead of original maturity. Interest rate fixation refers to the period for which the interest rate is fixed in loan contracts. All floating rate loans and those fixed interest loans, for which the interest rate is fixed for up to 1 year in the original contracts, are classified in to the category 'Floating rate or up to 1 year initial rate fixation'.

# Charts 4 and 5

- a) The weighted average interest rate on housing loans include data on home loans whether they are provided under market conditions or subsidised. Data providers adjust the averages of assets-side subsidised interest rates by adding the amount of government subsidy to the interest rate charged to customers. In the case of liabilities-side subsidised loans, difference between the reference yield on government securities, nearest to the term of the loan, and the interest rate on funds borrowed in the interbank market is added to the interest rate charged to customers. Consequently, interest rates on housing loans also depend on variations in money and capital market interest rates.
- b) From January 2003, contractual data on loans are broken down by initial interest rate fixation instead of original maturity. Interest rate fixation refers to the period for which the interest rate is fixed in a loan contract. All floating rate loans and those fixed interest loans, for which the

interest rate is fixed for up to 1 year in the original contracts, are classified in to the category 'Floating rate or up to 1 year initial rate fixation'.

#### Charts 6 and 7

Average interest rates on time deposits are calculated using the total amount of new loans as weight, while those on overnight and current account deposits are calculated using end-of-month stocks as weights. Time deposits are classified into the various categories on the basis of original maturity.

#### Charts 8 and 10

Average interest rates on time deposits are calculated using the total amount of new loans as weight, while those on overnight and current account deposits are calculated using end-of-month stocks as weights. Consequently, loans excluding overdrafts are weighted by the amounts of new loans, while overdrafts are weighted by end-of-month stocks to calculate average interest rates. Average interest rates do not include interest rates on non-performing loans.

#### Chart 9

The euro equivalent of forint-denominated loans is calculated using the MNB's central exchange rate for the last day of the month. The interest rates refer exclusively to forint-denominated loans. For this reason, loans denominated and recorded in forints are converted into euros retrospectively.