

Text information



Summary data



Net lending (FA) by resident sectors



External positions by instruments



FDI flows according to directional principle



FDI income and positions (annual)



FDI positions: country breakdown (annual)



Main balance of payments statistical aggregates



Net lending (FA) by instruments



External debt positions



EU transfers



FDI positions: activity breakdown (annual)



Net lending (CA+KA)



External positions by resident sectors



External debt positions by maturity



Revisions (vs previous publication)



FDI income: COPC (annual)

Current account balance

-847,2

Net lending (CA+KA) SA/GDP SA

-0,5%

Net international investment position/GDP

-47,0%



Published: 21 September 2020

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In this publication, the 2020. II. quarterly balance of payments and related stock statistics are published first with revisions for 2017, 2018, the four quarters of 2019 and Q1 2020. For 2019, we are now publishing the annual data: for the first time, actual data based on the companies' annual financial reports are available for the income on equity in 2019, which have replaced the estimates. (By 2020, the estimate has been updated taking into account new factual data.)

Within positions, we publish for the first time the FDI positions based on annual corporate reports with its immediate country and activity breakdown for 2019, and the inward FDI positions by the ultimate investing economy for 2018.

Summary data

In Q2 2020, Hungary's seasonally adjusted net borrowing (i.e. the combined deficit on its current and capital accounts) amounted to EUR 146.2 million, equal to 0.5 % of quarterly GDP. The unadjusted value reached EUR 190.1 million. The seasonally adjusted current account deficit is EUR 864.4 million, while the unadjusted value reached EUR 847.2 million. The time series of the capital account does not contain seasonality, its balance is EUR 657.0 million.

Hungary's net foreign debt, excluding FDI debt instruments, amounted to EUR 11.3 billion at the end of June 2020 (8.2 % as a percentage of GDP in the last four quarters). The net external debt increased by 2.1 EUR billion compared to the previous quarter.

The Central Bank's reserve assets amounted to EUR 30.2 billion at the end of June 2020. In the second quarter, the level of the reserves increased by 4.4 EUR billion compared to the previous quarter.

Net lending (CA+KA)

In Q2 2020 the components of net borrowing were significantly negatively affected by the spread of Covid-19: the level of exports and imports and the surplus of services fell significantly compared to the level of the previous quarter. Exports amounted to EUR 17.8 billion, imports to EUR 18.8 billion, and a trade deficit to 984.6 million in the second quarter, seasonally adjusted. The surplus of services decreased significantly, with travel reaching EUR 137.3 million and non-travel services reaching EUR 440.7 million. The deficit of primary income was 336.5 and that of secondary income was 381.2 million euros, seasonally adjusted.

The time series of the capital account does not contain seasonality, so the seasonally adjusted figure is the same as the unadjusted figure, with a value of EUR 657.0 million in the second quarter. The bulk of the capital account comes from capital transfers from the EU.

Net lending (FA)

By resident sectors

In Q2 2020, financial account balance showed a decrease of EUR 1,018 million in net assets. General government sector (EUR 2,300 million), other monetary institutions (EUR 368 million) and other sectors (EUR 338 million) have recorded a decrease in net external assets while the Central Bank (EUR 1,989 million) has increased its net external assets.

By instruments

In terms of instruments, net assets decreased in FDI by EUR 269 million, with the decrease of assets by EUR 916 million and the decrease of liabilities by EUR 646 million. In portfolio investment net assets also decreased by EUR 2,583 million with the increase of assets EUR 304 million and liabilities of EUR 2,887 million. There was an increase in net assets in financial derivatives by EUR 170 million. In other investment net assets decreased by EUR 2,819 million with the decrease of assets by EUR 2,814 million and increase of liabilities by EUR 5 million. Reserve assets increased by EUR 4,483 million in Q2 2020.



Text information

FDI flows according to directional principle

Net inflows of direct investments in the second quarter of 2020 increased by 269 million euros: FDI abroad increased by 470 million euros, while FDI in Hungary increased by 739 million euros. Capital in transit and asset portfolio restructuring in the second quarter reduced the value of investments in both investment directions (capital withdrawal) by EUR 209 million.

Within FDI abroad, investments in equity increased the value of foreign investments by EUR 841 million, and reinvested earnings by EUR 129 million. Debt instruments showed a net decrease in claims of EUR 500 million.

In the case of FDI in Hungary, investments in shares and other equity decreased by EUR 1,099 million, reinvested earnings by EUR 367 million, while debt instruments increased the value of foreigners' investments by EUR 2,205 million.

International investments positions

In Q2 2020, the net IIP was EUR -64.7 billion: total assets amounted to EUR 140.3 billion and total liabilities to EUR 205.1 billion. Compared to the end of the previous quarter, the level of assets increased by EUR 1.1 billion and that of liabilities increased by EUR 2.8 billion.

Revisions

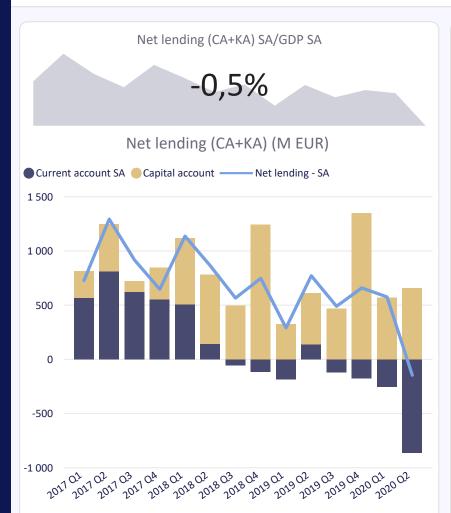
Data revisions are based on modified reports of companies, furthermore on the replacement of estimates by reported data (income and stock of FDI) and on the data revision in the basic statistics taken over from HCSO (goods and services, compensation of employees and workers' remittances).

For 2019, within primary income, direct investment income on equity in Hungary was EUR 1,190 million lower than previously estimated, while the direct investment income on equity abroad was EUR 169 million higher than estimated. The lower-than-estimated profit appears in the financial account as a lower capital investment due to the reinvestment of earnings beside the lower income on equity in the current account. Based on these new fact data the estimate of income on equity for 2020 has also declined.

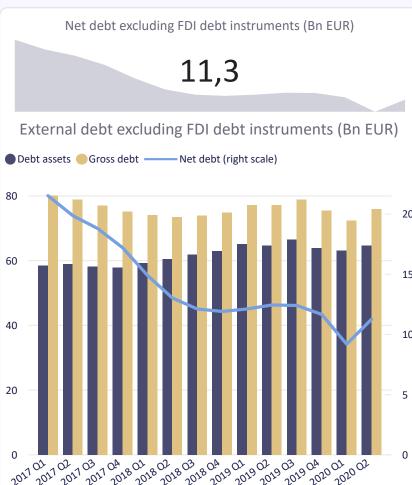
The changes in trade in goods and services in 2017 were mainly due to the integration of input/output tables related to national accounts, diminishing the current account balance by EUR 495 million. For 2018-2019. and for the first quarter of 2020, trade and services data were revised also in accordance with the HCSO's national accounts statistics, for 2019 it is resulted lower balance for goods and services by EUR 730 million.



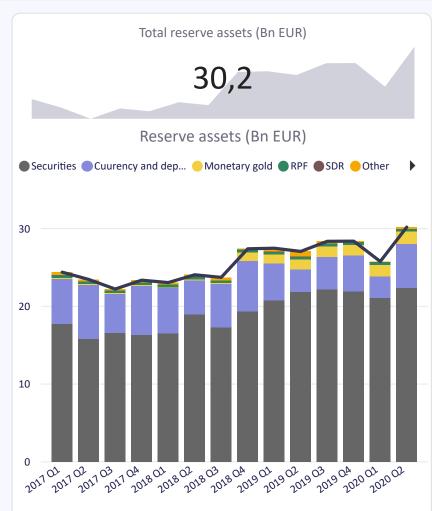




In Q2 2020, Hungary's seasonally adjusted net borrowing (i.e. the combined deficit on its current and capital accounts) amounted to EUR 146.2 million, equal to 0.5 % of quarterly GDP. The unadjusted value reached EUR 190.1 million. The seasonally adjusted current account deficit is EUR 864.4 million, while the unadjusted value reached EUR 847.2 million. The time series of the capital account does not contain seasonality, its balance is EUR 657.0 million.



Hungary's net foreign debt, excluding FDI debt instruments, amounted to EUR 11.3 billion at the end of June 2020 (8.2 % as a percentage of GDP in the last four quarters). The net external debt increased by 2.1 EUR billion compared to the previous quarter.



The Central Bank's reserve assets amounted to EUR 30.2 billion at the end of June 2020. In the second quarter, the level of the reserves increased by 4.4 EUR billion compared to the previous quarter.



Main balance of payments aggregates

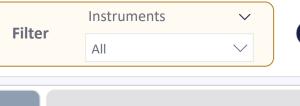
Main b	olones of normants aggregates (M.C.	ID)					
Main balance of payments aggregates (M EUR)							
_	2017	2018	2019	Q1 2020	Q2 2020		
1. Current account, net (1.1.+1.2.+1.3.)	2 490	377	-363	317	-847		
1.1. Goods and Services, net	8 659	6 003	4 573	1 243	-138		
1.1.1. Goods, net	1 712	-1 684	-2 992	-192	-788		
1.1.1.A Export	85 285	88 662	93 078	23 346	18 160		
1.1.1.B Import	83 573	90 346	96 069	23 538	18 948		
1.1.2. Services, net	6 947	7 687	7 565	1 435	650		
1.1.2.A Export	23 817	25 359	26 928	5 542	4 087		
1.1.2.B Import	16 870	17 671	19 363	4 107	3 437		
1.2. Primary income, net	-5 063	-4 978	-3 892	-537	-475		
1.2.1. Compensation of employees, net	2 627	2 422	2 572	523	447		
1.2.2. Investment income, net	-8 911	-8 600	-7 738	-1 333	-1 251		
1.2.2.1. Direct investment income, net	-7 386	-7 274	-6 529	-1 145	-1 044		
1.2.2.2. Portfolio investment income, net	-1 469	-1 315	-1 248	-198	-203		
1.2.2.3. Other investment income, net	-244	-203	-206	-51	-60		
1.2.2.4. Reserve assets, net	187	192	244	61	57		
1.2.3. Other primary income, net	1 221	1 200	1 274	274	329		
1.2.3.1. of which: EU transfers	1 221	1 200	1 274	274	329		

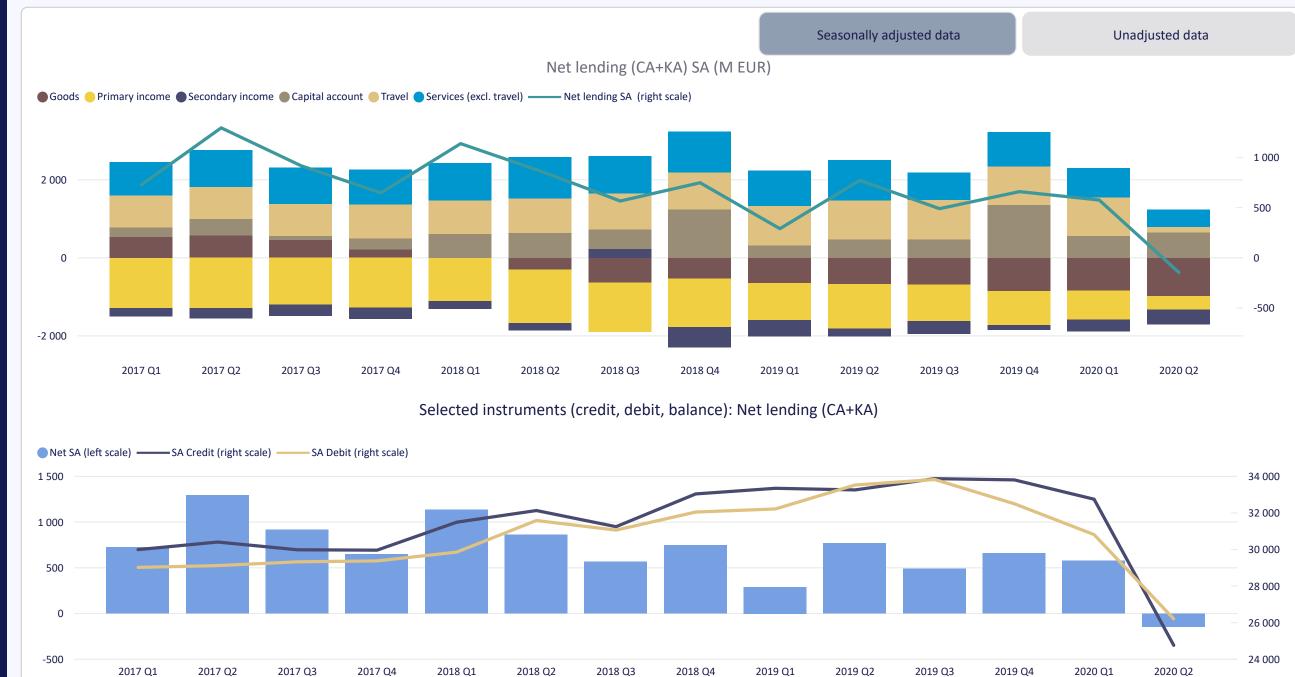




Net lending (CA+KA)

Text information

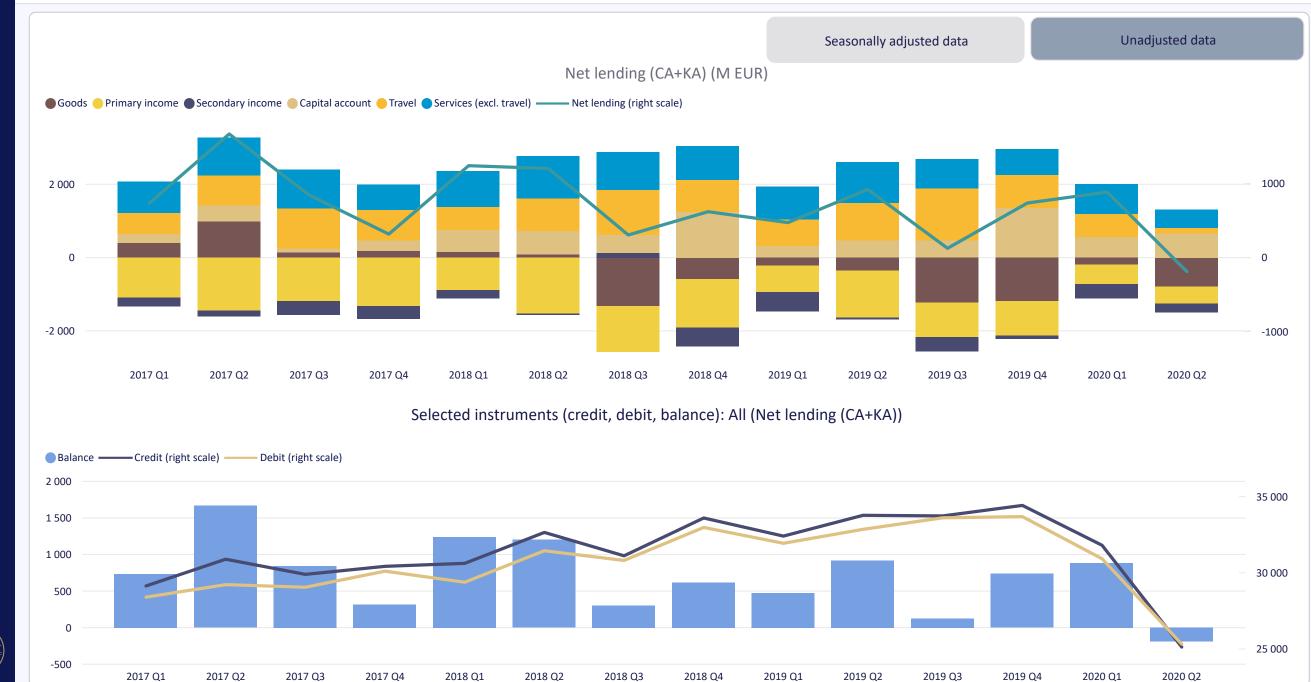






Net lending (CA+KA)

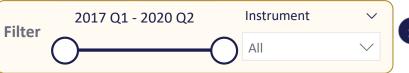




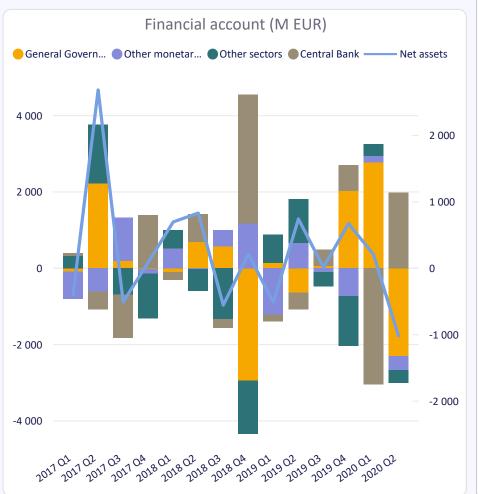


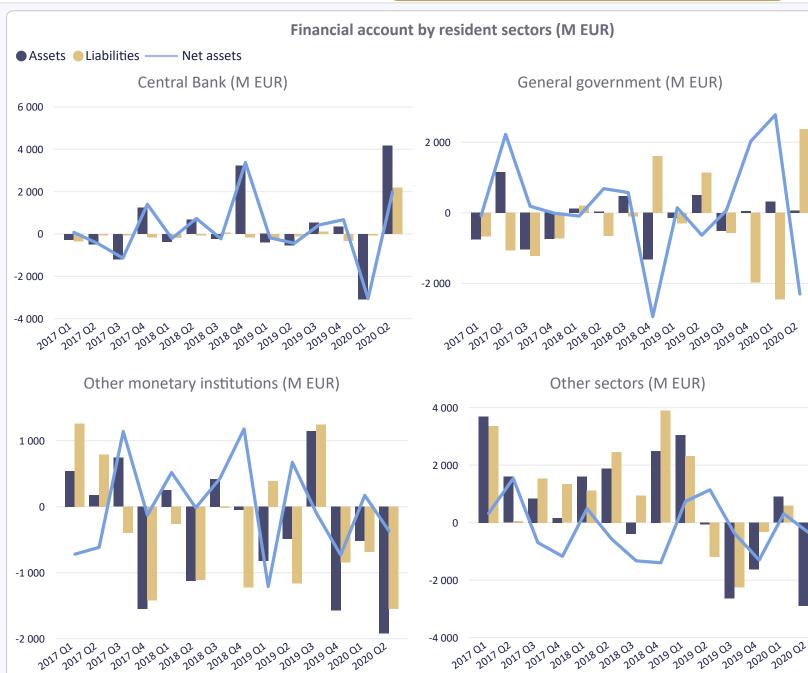
Net lending (FA) by resident sectors

Text information





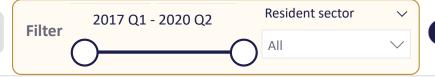


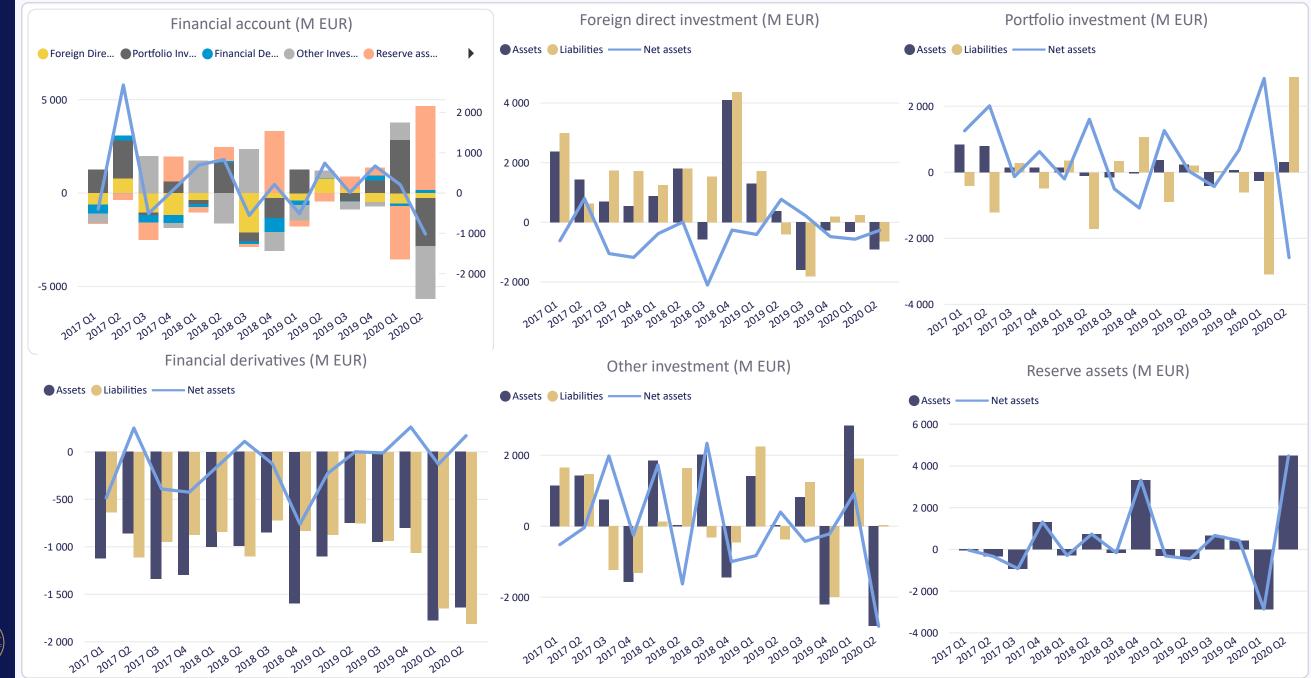




Net lending (FA) by instruments

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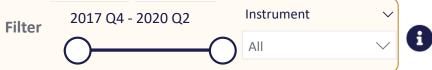




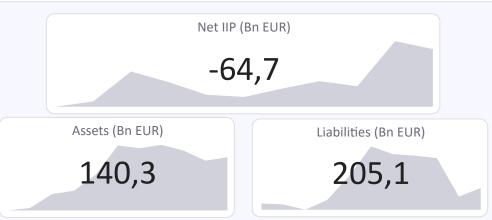
International Investment Position by resident sectors

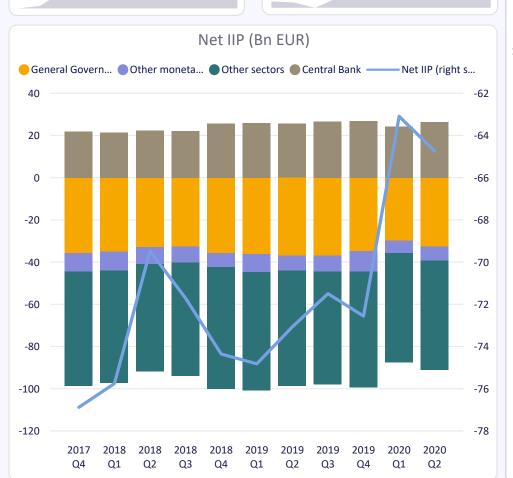
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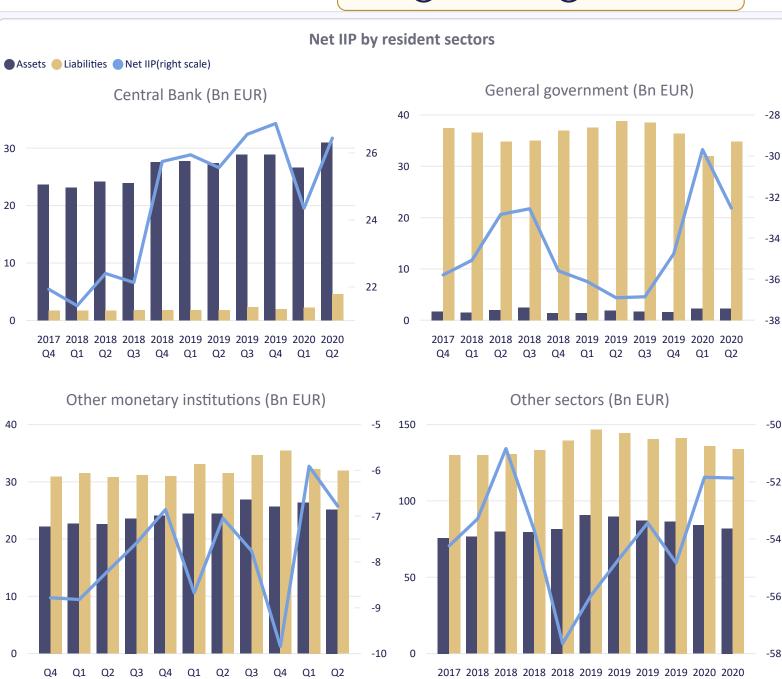
2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2020 2020



Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2

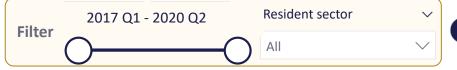


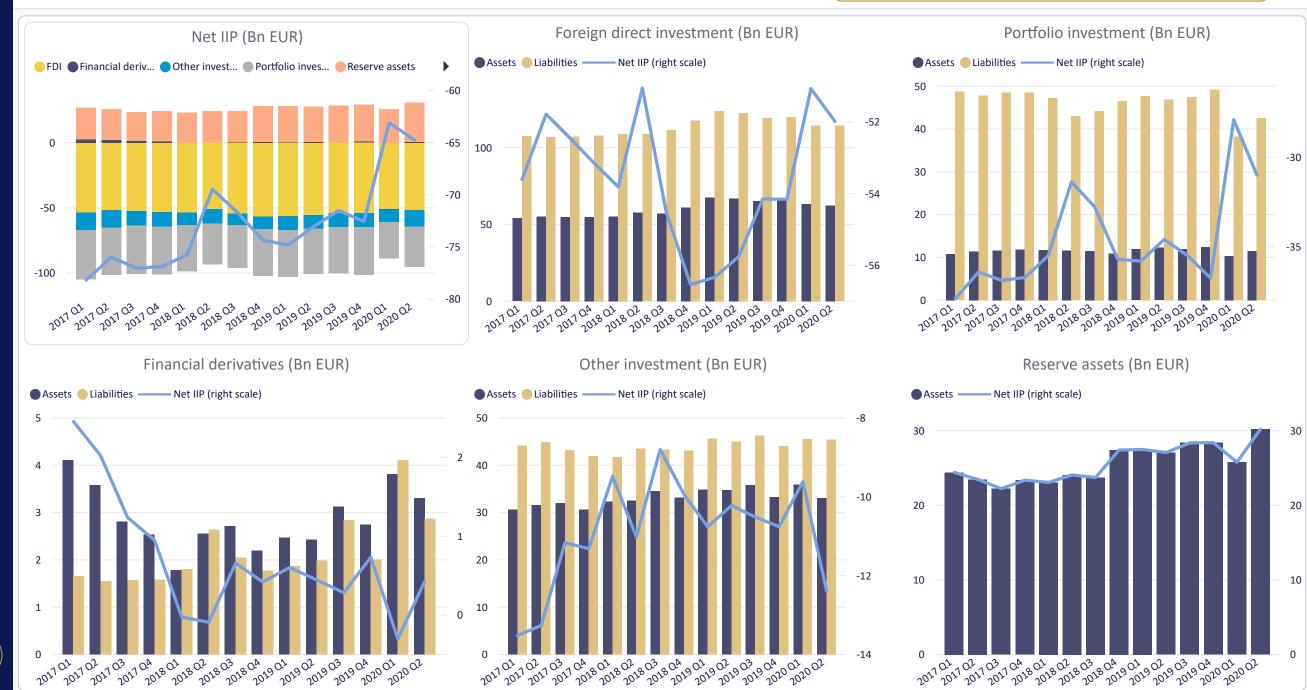






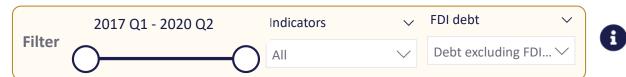
International Investment Position by instruments







Stock of external debt



Net external debt of Central Bank (Bn EUR)

-24,1

Net external debt of General government (Bn EUR)

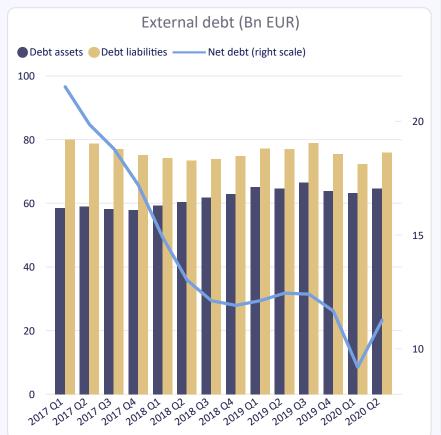
33,8

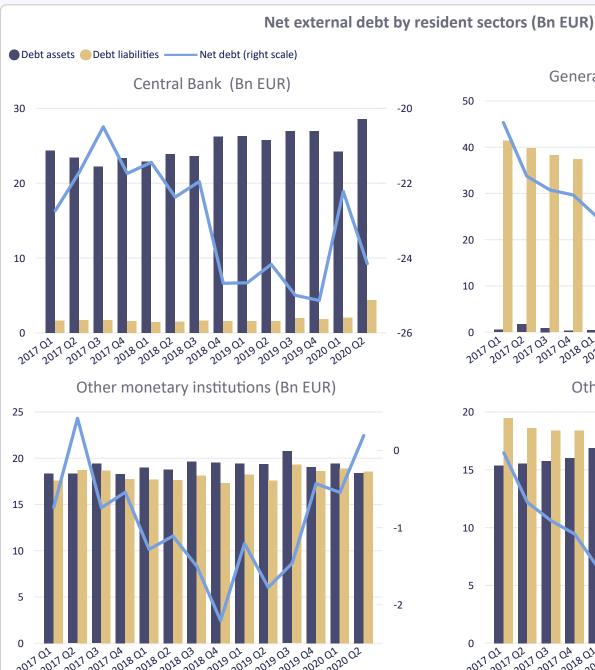
Net external debt of other monetary institutions (Bn EUR)

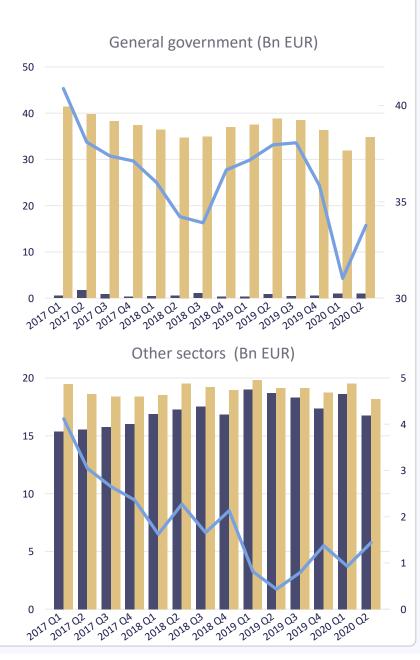
0,2

Net external debt of other sectors (Bn EUR)

1,4

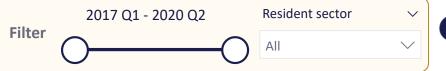


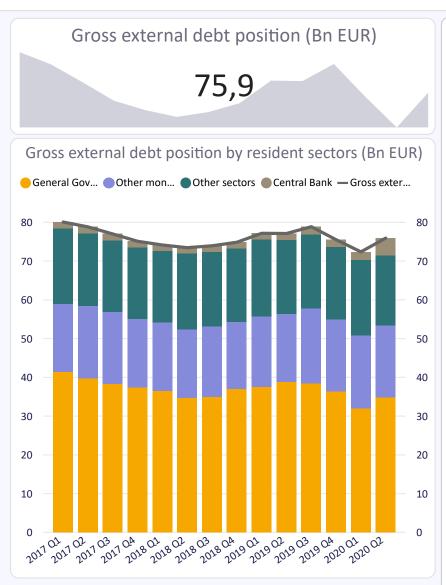


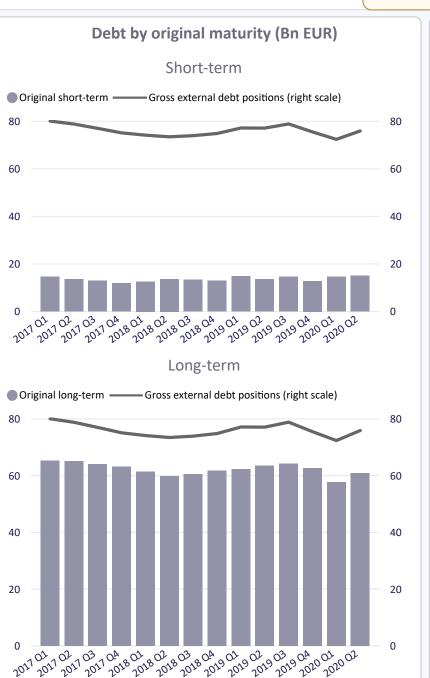


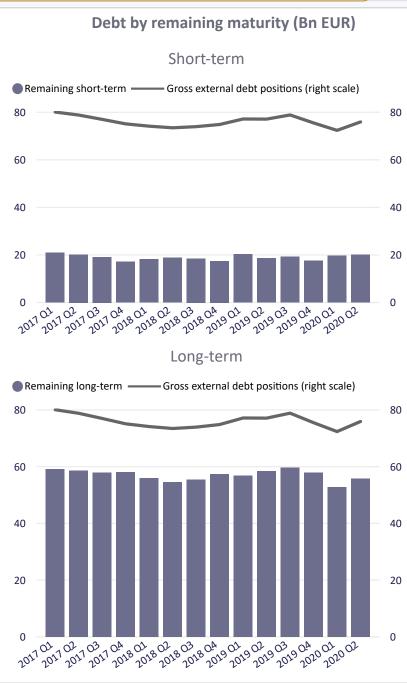


Stock of gross external debt by maturity (excl. FDI debt)





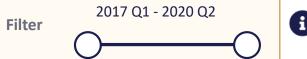






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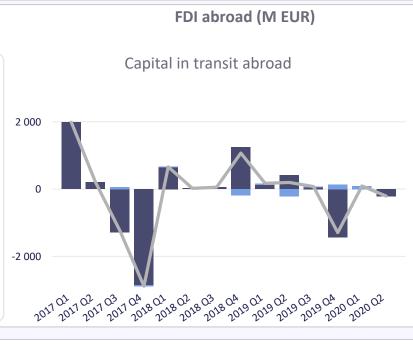


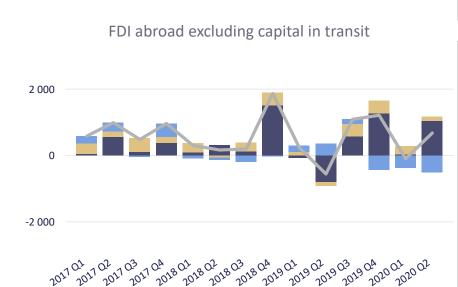


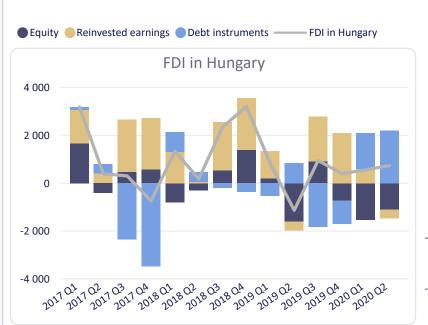


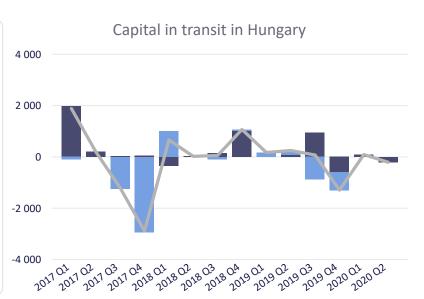
2 000

-2 000

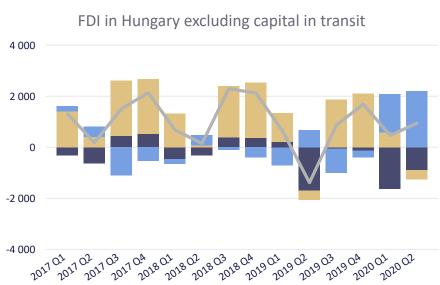








FDI in Hungary (M EUR)



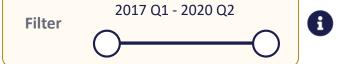
2018 2019 201

2019 2019 203 2019 04 2020 02 2020 02

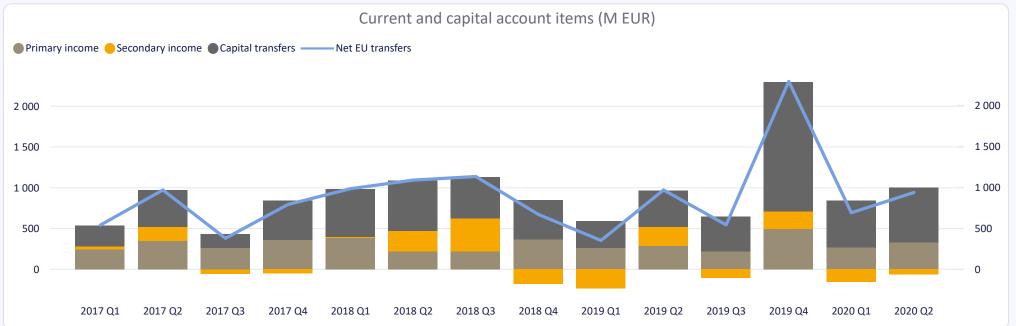
02 102 103 104 2018 02 201

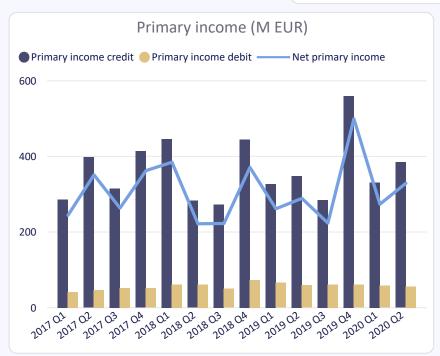


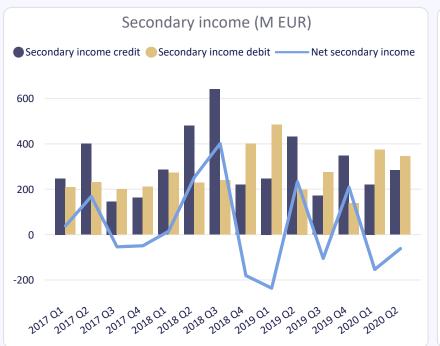
EU transfers

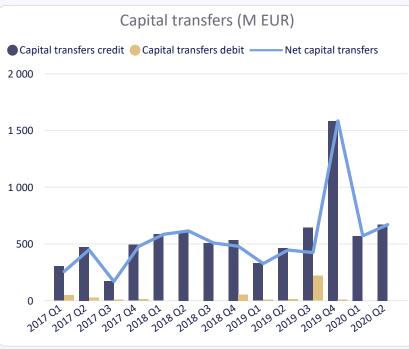














Revisions (vs previous publication)

Balance of payments (revisions, M EUR)								
Main items	2017	2018	2019	Q1 2020				
1. Current account balance (1.1+1.2+1.3+1.4)	-447	398	853	314				
1.1 Goods	-197	3	-300	-10				
1.2 Services	-298	0	-430	-21				
1.3 Primary income	3	217	1 409	332				
1.4 Secondary income	45	178	175	13				
2. Capital account	0	-8	-4	0				
3. Financial account	-16	20	1 497	525				
3.1 Foreign direct investment (net assets)	-3	46	1 653	687				
3.1.1 Foreign direct investment abroad (net assets)	20	73	-159	69				
3.1.1.1 Equity	5	53	-170	-9				
3.1.1.2 Debt instruments	15	20	11	78				
3.1.2 Foreign direct investment in Hungary (net liabilities)	23	27	-1 813	-619				
3.1.2.1 Equity	5	-76	-1 895	-450				
3.1.2.2 Debt instruments	19	103	83	-169				
3.2 Portfolio investments (net assets)	-12	0	0	7				
3.2.1 Assets	0	0	0	8				
3.2.2 Liabilities	12	0	0	0				
3.3 Financial derivatives (net assets)	0	0	-3	0				
3.4 Other investments (net assets)	-1	-26	-154	-170				
3.4.1 Assets	-2	-1	-5	211				
3.4.2 Liabilities	-2	25	148	381				
4. Net errors and omissions	431	-370	648	211				

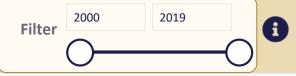
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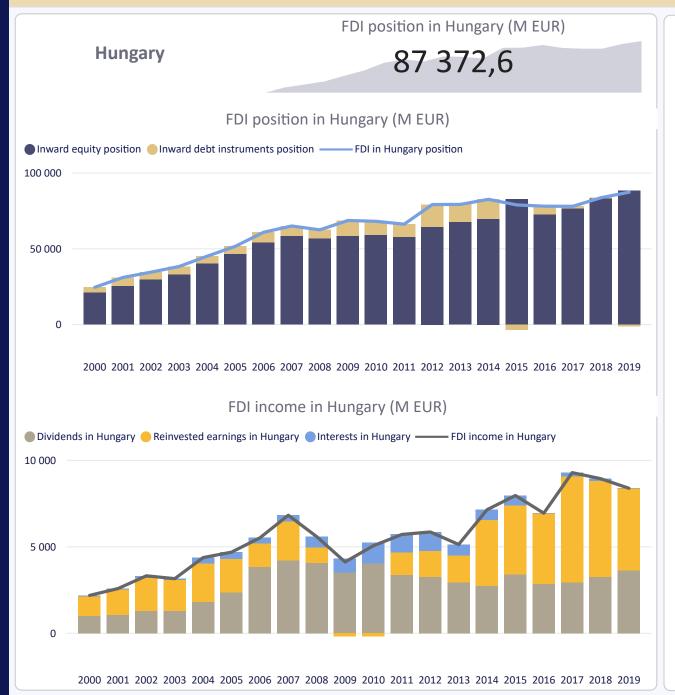
Positions (revisions, M EUR)							
Main items	2017	2018	2019	Q1 2020			
1. Foreign direct investment (net assets)		191	2 856	3 659			
1.1 Foreign direct investment abroad (net assets)		200	89	466			
1.1.1 Equity		185	88	386			
1.1.2. Debt	-23	16	1	79			
1.1.2.1 Debt assets	19	101	128	210			
1.1.2.2 Debt liabilities	42	85	127	131			
1.2 Foreign direct investment in Hungary (net liabilities)	-68	9	-2 767	-3 194			
1.2.1 Equity	6	-123	-2 907	-3 128			
1.2.2. Debt	-74	132	140	-65			
1.2.2.1 Debt assets	156	168	44	126			
1.2.2.2 Debt liabilities	81	301	183	60			
2. Portfolio investments (net assets)	0	0	0	5			
2.1 Assets	0	0	0	8			
2.2 Liabilities	0	0	0	3			
3. Financial derivatives (net assets)	0	0	0	0			
4. Other investments (net assets)	-1	-27	50	-106			
4.1 Assets	-2	-3	33	263			
4.2 Liabilities	-1	23	-17	369			
5. Gross external debt (excl. FDI debt)	-1	23	-17	372			
6. Net external debt (excl. FDI debt)	4	33	-39	113			

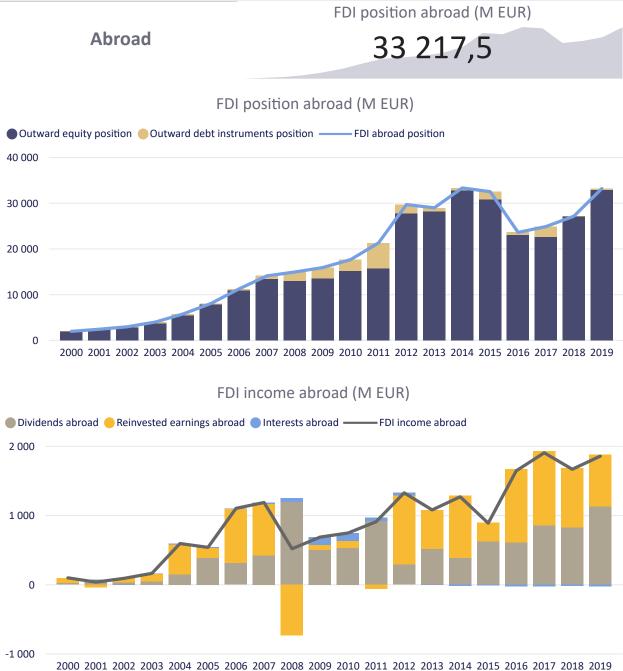


FDI income and positions (annual)

New annual data are first published in September following the reference year. Data are revisied in March and September.



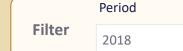






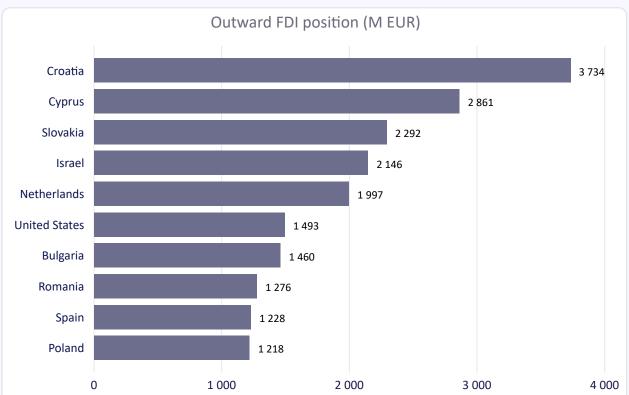
FDI positions: country breakdown (top 10; annual data)

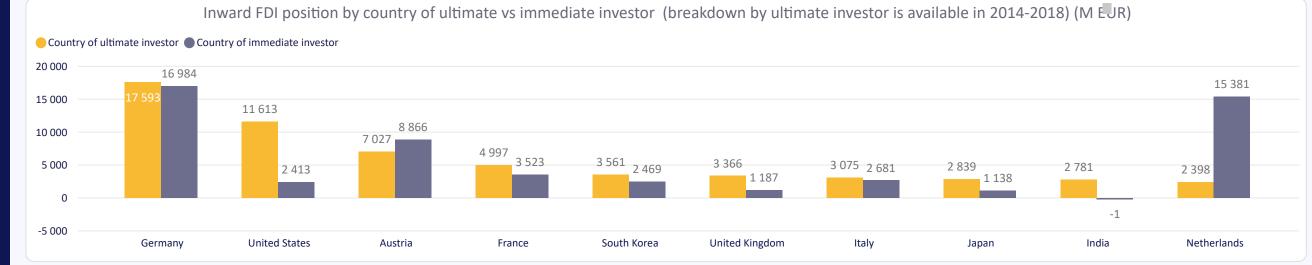
New annual data are first published in September following the reference year. Data are revisied in March and September.













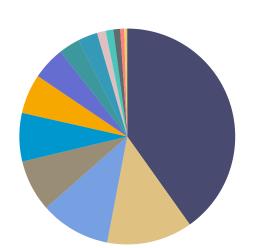
FDI positions: activity breakdown (annual data)

New annual data are first published in September following the reference year. Data are revisied in March and September.

Period Filter 2019

Inward FDI position

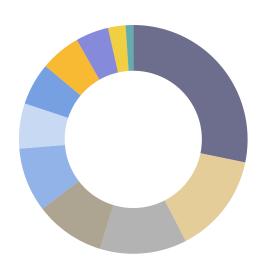
By the activity of the resident investment (M EUR)



Resident activities

- Manufacturing C
- Financial and insurance ac...
- Wholesale and retail trade...
- Real estate activities L
- Professional, scientific and...
- Private purchase and sales...
- Information and communi...
- Other services (N,O,P,Q,R,S)

.....of which the main activity groups of manufacturing (M EUR)

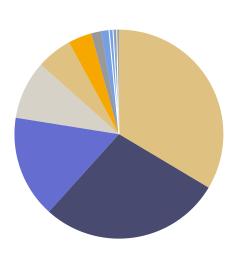


Activity groups of manufactu...

- Total vehicle and other tra...
- Computer, electronis and ...
- Rubber, plastic and other ...
- Electrical equipment, mac...
- Basic pharmaceutical prod...
- Coke, refined pertoleum, ...
- Basic metals and fabricate...
- Food products; beverage ...
- Wood, paper, printing and...



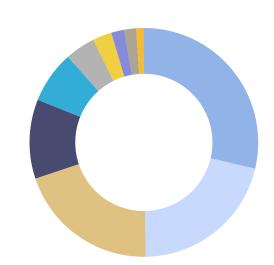
By the activity of the non-resident investment (M EUR)



Non-resident activity

- Financial and insurance act...
- Manufacturing C
- Private purchase and sales ...
- Mining and quarrying B
- Wholesale and retail trade;...
- Other services (N,O,P,Q,R,S)
- Information and communic...
- Professional, scientific and ...

... of which the main activity groups of manufacturing (M EUR)



Activity groups of manufactur...

- Basic pharmaceutical prod...
- Coke, refined pertoleum, c...
- Computer, electronis and o...
- Total vehicle and other tra...
- Basic metals and fabricated...
- Rubber, plastic and other n...
- Manufacturing not elsewh...
- Wood, paper, printing and ...
- Electrical equipment, mach...

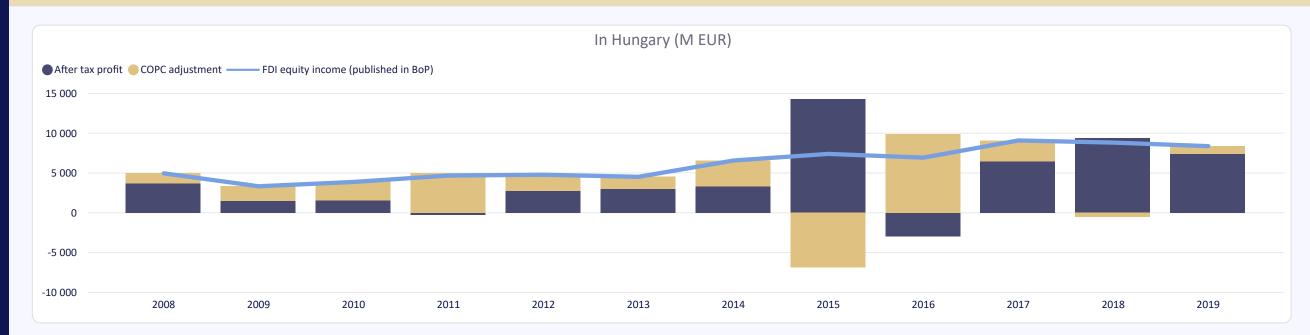


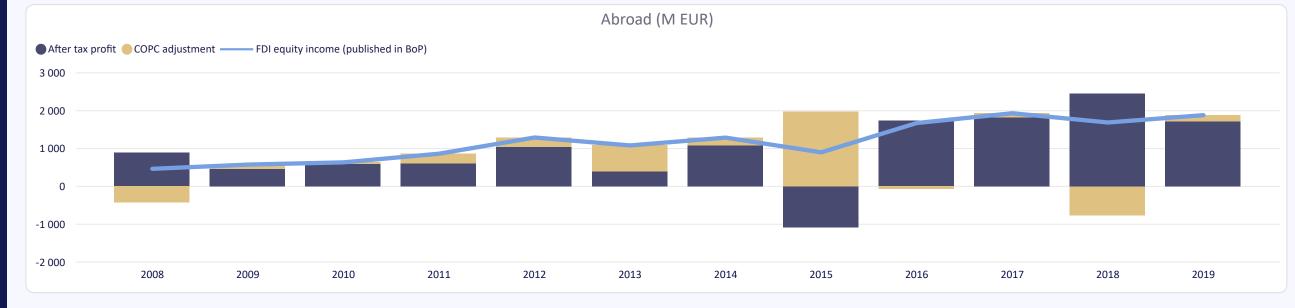


FDI income: COPC adjustment (annual data)

New annual data are first published in September following the reference year. Data are revisied in March and September.









In the balance of payments, data are shown under Direct investment income, Income on equity, credit (FDI abroad), and debit (FDI in Hungary). Data in excel format are available here.

Other information and notes

Related links Statistical tables Methodological notes Sesonally adjusted graphs Interactive graphs >

Information about the next publication

The MNB will release Hungary's balance of payments and international investment position data for Q3 2020 and will revise quarterly data for Q1 2019 to Q2 2020 on 21 December 2020.

Publication calendar

Notes

In these interactive graphs, Hungary's balance of payments and international investment position are presented **excluding data on special purpose entities (SPEs)**, consistent with past practice. However, Hungary's BOP and IIP both excluding and including SPE data are available on the MNB's website.

Regarding the applied tool for seasonal adjustment, the MNB together with the HCSO, has switched from Demetra to **JDemetra+** as the new standard software for seasonal adjustment starting from the first publication of seasonally adjusted data for January 2017 and Q1 2017. JDemetra+ is the officially recommended software for seasonal adjustment of official statistics within the European System of Central Banks and the European Statistical System, in producing seasonally adjusted data. As a member of the European System of Central Banks, one of the key objectives of the MNB is to produce seasonally adjusted data of the best possible quality, which are comparable to those produced and published by other Member States. The software change does not influence the applicability, interpretation and the dissemination of seasonally adjusted data; TRAMO/SEATS will continue to be the seasonal adjustment method used.

However, due to the many new statistical tests and diagnostics built into the new programme, we can provide higher quality seasonally adjusted data to users.

Seasonally adjusted balance time series are directly adjusted. Thus, seasonally adjusted balances cannot be reproduced from the seasonally adjusted credits and debits. The same applies to the aggregates. The seasonally adjusted aggregates cannot be reproduced from the seasonally adjusted subaccounts either (e.g. the seasonally adjusted current account balance does not equal to the sum of the seasonally adjusted data of the subaccounts).

Contact

Magyar Nemzeti Bank

Statistics Directorate

Tel.: +36 1 428 2600

Fax: + 36 1 429 8000

@ Email: sajto@mnb.hu