

# VÁLOGATÁS

az ECB, az ESRB, az EU, az EBA, az EIOPA, az ESMA, az IMF, a BIS, az FSB, az OECD, az IAIS és az IOSCO dokumentumaiból

2018. JÚLIUS 19 - 25.

# TARTALOMJEGYZÉK

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#### 1. MONETÁRIS POLITIKA, INFLÁCIÓ

The history and future of QE	BIS Control Bookard
https://www.bis.org/review/r180724c.pdf	Central Bankers'
Speech by <b>Mr Ben Broadbent</b> , Deputy Governor for Monetary Policy of the Bank of England, at the Society of Professional Economists, London, 23 July 2018.	Speech
Semiannual Monetary Policy Report to the Congress	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180723f.pdf	Central Bankers'
Testimony by <b>Mr Jerome H Powell</b> , Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, before the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, US Senate, Washington DC, 17 July 2018.	Speech
Release of the Monetary Policy Report	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180719a.pdf	Central Bankers'
Opening statement by Mr Stephen S Poloz, Governor of the Bank of Canada, at the press conference	Speech
following the release of the Monetary Policy Report, Ottawa, Ontario, 11 July 2018.	
Monetary policy amidst NAFTA negotiations and other sources of uncertainty	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180719g.pdf	Central Bankers'
Remarks by Mr Javier Guzmán Calafell, Deputy Governor of the Bank of Mexico, at the European	Speech
Economics and Financial Centre's Distinguished Speaker Seminar, London, 9 July 2018.	
Economic activity and prices in Japan, and monetary policy in Japan	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180719m.pdf	Central Bankers'
Speech by <b>Mr Yukitoshi Funo</b> , Member of the Policy Board of the Bank of Japan, at a meeting with business	Speech
leaders, Miyagi, 21 June 2018.	
Consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem as at 20 July 2018, 24/07/2018	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pr/wfs/2018/html/ecb.fst180724.en.html	Press Release
Commentary:	
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pr/wfs/2018/html/ecb.fs180724.en.html	
Inflation News and Euro Area Inflation Expectations, 19/07/2018	IMF
http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WP/Issues/2018/07/19/Inflation-News-and-Euro-Area-Inflation-	Working Paper
Expectations-45973	
This paper finds that the protracted period of low (and below-target) inflation in the euro area since 2013	
has weakened their anchoring. Testing their sensitivity to inflation and macroeconomic news, this paper	
expands existing results in two key dimensions. First, by analyzing all available (advanced) inflation	
releases. Second, the reactions of expectations are investigated at daily, time-varying and intraday	
frequency regressions to add robustness to our conclusions. Results point to a significant impact of	
inflation news over recent years that had not been observed before in the euro area.	

### 2. PÉNZÜGYI STABILITÁS, PÉNZÜGYI PIACOK

Introductory remarks - Alternative Reference Rates Committee Roundtable	BIS Central Bankers
https://www.bis.org/review/r180723a.pdf Speech by <b>Mr Randal K Quarles</b> , Vice Chairman for Supervision of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, at the Alternative Reference Rates Committee Roundtable, The Federal Reserve Bank of New York, New York City (via prerecorded video), 19 July 2018.	Speech
Italy's economic and banking conditions, and challenges ahead <u>https://www.bis.org/review/r180725a.pdf</u> Speech by <b>Mr Ignazio Visco</b> , Governor of the Bank of Italy, at the Annual Meeting of the Italian Banking Association (ABI), Rome, 10 July 2018.	BIS Central Bankers Speech
The real effects of disrupted credit - evidence from the Global Financial Crisis https://www.bis.org/review/r180724l.pdf Remarks by Mr Ignazio Visco, Governor of the Bank of Italy, at the Panel Discussion "The Real Effects of	BIS Central Bankers Speech
Disrupted Credit: Evidence from the Global Financial Crisis", Per Jacobsson Lecture by Ben S. Bernanke, Bank for International Settlements, Basel, 24 June 2018.	
ESM raises €4 billion in new 5-year bond, 24/07/2018	EU
https://www.esm.europa.eu/press-releases/esm-raises-%E2%82%AC4-billion-new-5-year-bond	Press Release
The euro area bank lending survey - second quarter of 2018, 24/07/2018 http://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/pdf/ecb.blssurvey2018q2.en.pdf	ECB Publication +
Main conclusions:	Press Release
• Easing credit standards and increasing demand across all loan categories continued to support loan growth.	
<ul> <li>Banks expect continued net easing of credit standards in all segments for the third quarter.</li> <li>Tightening impact on credit standards from banks' non-performing loans is diminishing.</li> </ul>	
Related press release: http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pr/date/2018/html/ecb.pr180724.en.html	
Lending standards and output growth, 19/07/2018 https://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/wp/esrb.wp79.en.pdf	ESRB Working Paper
While some credit booms are followed by economic underperformance, many are not. Can lending standards help separate good credit booms from bad credit booms contemporaneously? To observe lending standards internationally, I use information from primary debt capital markets. I construct the high-yield (HY) share of bond issuance for a panel of 38 countries. The HY share is procyclical, suggesting that lending standards in bond markets are extrapolative. Credit booms with deteriorating lending standards (rising HY share) are followed by lower GDP growth in the subsequent three to four years. Such booms deserve attention from policy makers.	
Keywords: Lending standards, credit cycles, risky debt share, behavioral finance	
Analyzing credit risk transmission to the non-financial sector in Europe: a network approach, 19/07/2018 https://www.esrb.europa.eu/pub/pdf/wp/esrb.wp78.en.pdf	ESRB Working Paper
Using variance decompositions in vector autoregressions (VARs) we model a highdimensional network of European CDS spreads to assess the transmission of credit risk to the non-nancial corporate sector. Our findings suggest a sectoral clustering in the CDS network, where nancial institutions are located in the center and non-nancial as well as sovereign CDS are grouped around the nancial center. The network has	working raper

transformation         The euro area financial system - and especially the banking sector - has been transformed over the last five years. It's now safer and better supervised than ever before. But much work remains to build an efficient, truly integrated financial system with banks that are sufficiently resilient to respond to new challenges.         Euro Area Policies: Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Systemic Risk Analysis, 19/07/2018       Thttp://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector-Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Systemic risk analysis across the euro area financial system. The chapters focusing on various aspects of systemic risk analysis across the euro area financial system. The chapters cover bank profitability, balance sheet- and market-based interconnected analysis, contingent claims analysis, and a brief discussion of data gaps in the nonbank, non-insurance (NBNI) financial sector.         Euro Area Policies : Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Stress Testing the Banking Sector, 19/07/2018       T         http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector-Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Stress Testing the Banking Sector, 19/07/2018       T         http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector-Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Stress Testing the 46102       T         The FSAP team undertook a thorough top-down stress testing analysis using end-2017 data. This note covers the methodology and results of the scenario-based solvency tests, the single factor sensitivity tests, and the liquidity tests. The stress test exercise was carried out on a sample of major euro area banks supervised by the Single Supervisory M	
crisis events, risk transmission within the non-financial sector remains largely unchanged. Keywords: networks, nancial-real linkages, connectedness, systemic risk, credit risk, contagion The Euro Area Financial System: On-going Transformation, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2018/07/17/na071918-the-euro-area-financial-system-on-going- transformation The euro area financial system - and especially the banking sector - has been transformed over the last five years. It's now safer and better supervised than ever before. But much work remains to build an efficient, truly integrated financial system with banks that are sufficiently resilient to respond to new challenges. Euro Area Policies: Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Systemic Risk Analysis, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Systemic clims analysis, and a brief discussion of data gaps in the nonbank, non-insurance (NBNI) financial sector. Euro Area Policies : Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Stress Testing the Banking Sector, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Stress-Testing the Sanking Sector, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Stress-Testing the Sanking Sector, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Stress Testing the Sanking and granular supervisory Mechanism (SM). The analysis using end-2017 data. This note co- wers the methodology and results of the scenario-based solvency tests, the single factor sensitivity tests, and the liquidity tests. The stress test exercise was carried out on a sample of major euro area banks su- pervised by the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SM). The analysis is heavily dependent	
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The FSAP team undertook a thorough top-down stress testing analysis using end-2017 data. This note co- vers the methodology and results of the scenario-based solvency tests, the single factor sensitivity tests, and the liquidity tests. The stress test exercise was carried out on a sample of major euro area banks su- pervised by the Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM). The analysis is heavily dependent on comprehensive and granular supervisory data on individual banks' positions shared by the European Central Bank (ECB). While FSAP results are not directly comparable to the 2018 EU-wide stress test results due to differences in scenarios, methodologies, and objectives, they provide an assessment of the system-wide resilience of the euro area banking sector at the current juncture. <b>Euro Area Policies: Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Systemic Liquidity</b> <b>Management,</b> 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Systemic-Liquidity-46103 The flexibility shown by the ECB/Eurosystem in adapting its framework, as required by circumstances, has helped improve funding and liquidity conditions. Compared to the situation pre-crisis, the ECB/Eurosystem has provided liquidity against a broader range of collateral and for as long as four years in terms of	
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Management, 19/07/2018       T         http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector-Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Systemic-Liquidity-46103       T         The flexibility shown by the ECB/Eurosystem in adapting its framework, as required by circumstances, has helped improve funding and liquidity conditions. Compared to the situation pre-crisis, the ECB/Eurosystem has provided liquidity against a broader range of collateral and for as long as four years in terms of	
http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Systemic-Liquidity-46103 The flexibility shown by the ECB/Eurosystem in adapting its framework, as required by circumstances, has helped improve funding and liquidity conditions. Compared to the situation pre-crisis, the ECB/Eurosystem has provided liquidity against a broader range of collateral and for as long as four years in terms of	IMF
Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Systemic-Liquidity-46103 The flexibility shown by the ECB/Eurosystem in adapting its framework, as required by circumstances, has helped improve funding and liquidity conditions. Compared to the situation pre-crisis, the ECB/Eurosystem has provided liquidity against a broader range of collateral and for as long as four years in terms of	Technical Note
The flexibility shown by the ECB/Eurosystem in adapting its framework, as required by circumstances, has helped improve funding and liquidity conditions. Compared to the situation pre-crisis, the ECB/Eurosystem has provided liquidity against a broader range of collateral and for as long as four years in terms of	
assets (now tapering off); and reduced interest rates into negative territory. In these arrangements, policy is directed from the center, but is implemented mostly by the National Central Banks (NCBs); risks are largely shared.	
The role of household debt heterogeneity on consumption: Evidence from Japanese household data, 24/07/2018	BIS Working Pape
https://www.bis.org/publ/work736.pdf	0.50

This paper estimates the impact of household debt on consumption behaviour using data from the Japanese Preference Parameters Study, covering the 2005-13 period. The analysis finds that household marginal propensities to consume (MPCs) were significantly higher for highly-indebted Japanese households than for those with little-to-no debt - a type of variation that is consistent with findings for other countries. The evidence points to a significant precautionary saving motive by Japanese households, with savers particularly concerned about (unlikely) future unemployment spells and longevity risks.	
Keywords: household debt, marginal propensity to consume, precautionary saving motive	
Gauging procyclicality and financial vulnerability in Asia through the BIS banking and financial statistics, 20/07/2018 https://www.bis.org/publ/work735.pdf	BIS Working Paper
Using BIS international banking and financial statistics, the paper shows that international credit intermediation has shifted from banks to capital markets. The BIS data also reveal that the boom in international credit was fuelled mainly by short-term interbank lending denominated in US.	
Keywords: Asian Financial Crisis, international bank lending, procyclicality, financial stability	
Public responses to consultation on Recommendations for consistent national reporting of data on the use of compensation tools to address misconduct risk, 20/07/2018 http://www.fsb.org/2018/07/public-responses-to-consultation-on-recommendations-for-consistent-	FSB Consultation
national-reporting-of-data-on-the-use-of-compensation-tools-to-address-misconduct-risk/	
Stabilisation policies to strengthen euro area resilience, 18/07/2018 https://one.oecd.org/document/ECO/WKP(2018)40/en/pdf	OECD Working Paper
The euro area sovereign debt crisis highlighted important weaknesses in the euro area design. Fiscal policy did not build sufficient buffers before the crisis, which forced some countries to tighten fiscal policy too rapidly during the downturn to restore market confidence in sovereign borrowing. Despite this, sovereign stress remained high, weakening further the banking sectors highly exposed to government bonds, which in return reduced further market confidence in fiscal sustainability in case of banks' bailout. As a result, monetary policy was the main public instrument to support the activity, but its effectiveness was reduced by the fragmentation of financial markets along national lines as the crisis deepened.	
<b>Keywords:</b> risk-sharing, European deposit insurance, sovereign debt exposures of banks, European safe asset, macroeconomic stabilisation, fiscal integration, Capital markets union	

#### 3. MIKROPRUDENCIÁLIS FELÜGYELET ÉS SZABÁLYOZÁS

Getting it right - factors for tailoring supervision and regulation of large financial institutions <u>https://www.bis.org/review/r180719j.pdf</u> Speech by Mr Randal K Quarles, Vice Chairman for Supervision of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, at the American Bankers Association Summer Leadership Meeting, Salt Lake City, Utah, 18 July 2018.	BIS Central Bankers' Speech
<b>Europe in a disruptive world</b> https://www.bis.org/review/r180724h.pdf Opening address by <b>Mr François Villeroy de Galhau</b> , Governor of the Bank of France, at the Paris Europlace International Financial Forum, Paris, 11 July 2018.	BIS Central Bankers Speech

Securities markets: Commission refers Slovenia and Spain to the Court of Justice for failing to fully enact EU rules on markets in financial instruments, 20/07/2018 http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release IP-18-4530 en.htm	EU Press Release
Capital Markets Union: Commission provides guidance on protection of cross-border EU investments,	EU
20/07/2018	Press Release
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release IP-18-4528 en.htm	
Q&A:	
http://europa.eu/rapid/press-release MEMO-18-4529 en.htm	
EBA publishes its assessment of European Secured Notes, 24/07/2018	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-publishes-its-assessment-of-european-secured-notes	Press Release
EBA replies to claims concerning Common Equity Tier 1 classification of UniCredit capital instruments,	EBA
20/07/2018	Press Release
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-replies-to-claims-concerning-common-equity-tier-1-classification-of-	
unicredit-capital-instruments	
BA updates on monitoring of CET1 capital instruments, 20/07/2018	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-updates-on-monitoring-of-cet1-capital-instruments	Press Release
BA updates on monitoring of Additional Tier 1 instruments, 20/07/2018	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-updates-on-monitoring-of-additional-tier-1-instrumen-2	Press Release
BA Risk Dashboard confirms steady improvements in the management of NPLs across the EU but banks	EBA
profitability remains a key challenge, 19/07/2018	Press Release
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-risk-dashboard-confirms-steady-improvements-in-the-management-	
of-npls-across-the-eu-but-banks-profitability-remains-a-key-challenge	
EBA publishes final guidance to strengthen the Pillar 2 framework, 19/07/2018	EBA
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/eba-publishes-final-guidance-to-strengthen-the-pillar-2-framework	Press Release
EIOPA's Risk Dashboard for the first quarter 2018 shows broadly unchanged risk levels for the European	EIOPA
Union insurance sector, 24/07/2018	Press Release
https://eiopa.europa.eu/Pages/News/EIOPA%E2%80%99s-Risk-Dashboard-for-the-first-guarter-2018-	
shows-broadly-unchanged-risk-levels-for-the-European-Union-insurance-sect.aspx	
Follow-up Report to the Peer Review on MiFID Suitability Requirements, 24/07/2018	ESMA
https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma42-111-4653_follow-up_re-	Press Release
port to the peer review on mifid suitability requirements.pdf	
	ESMA
ESMA updates UCITS and AIFMD Q&As, 23/07/2018	ESIVIA
-	
https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma34-32-352_ga_aifmd.pdf	Press Release
https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma34-32-352_qa_aifmd.pdf         SMA fines five banks €2.48 million for issuing credit ratings without authorisation, 23/07/2018	Press Release ESMA
https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma34-32-352_qa_aifmd.pdf         ESMA fines five banks €2.48 million for issuing credit ratings without authorisation, 23/07/2018	Press Release
	Press Release ESMA Press Release
attps://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma34-32-352_qa_aifmd.pdf         ESMA fines five banks €2.48 million for issuing credit ratings without authorisation, 23/07/2018         https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma71-99-1017_cra_fine         esma fines five banks.pdf         ESMA writes to European Commission on share cancellation under MMFR, 20/07/2018	Press Release ESMA Press Release ESMA
https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma34-32-352_qa_aifmd.pdf         ESMA fines five banks €2.48 million for issuing credit ratings without authorisation, 23/07/2018         https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma71-99-1017_cra_fine         esma_fines_five_banks.pdf         ESMA writes to European Commission on share cancellation under MMFR, 20/07/2018         https://www.esma.europa.eu/press-news/esma-news/esma-writes-european-commission-share-	Press Release ESMA Press Release
attps://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma34-32-352_qa_aifmd.pdf         ESMA fines five banks €2.48 million for issuing credit ratings without authorisation, 23/07/2018         attps://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/esma71-99-1017_cra_fine         esma fines five banks.pdf	Press Release ESMA Press Release ESMA

SMA consults on revising CRAs' periodic reporting, 19/07/2018	ESMA
https://www.esma.europa.eu/press-news/esma-news/esma-consults-revising-cras%E2%80%99-periodic- reporting	Press Releases
European Supervisory Authorities publish further guidance on the Key Information Document for PRIIPs,	ESAs
20/07/2018	Press Release
http://www.eba.europa.eu/-/european-supervisory-authorities-publish-further-guidance-on-the-key- nformation-document-for-priips	
Stakeholder Engagement: Stakeholder Events Planned for Climate Risk, Digital Technology, and Index- based Insurances, 20/07/2018	IAIS Press Release
https://www.iaisweb.org/news/stakeholder-engagement-stakeholder-events-planned-for-climate-risk-	Tress herease
ligital-technology-and-index-based-insurances	
OSCO to launch 2018 World Investor Week to promote investor education, 25/07/2018	IOSCO
https://www.iosco.org/news/pdf/IOSCONEWS503.pdf	Press Release
urisdictions progress towards implementing standards for payment, clearing and settlement, 23/07/2018	IOSCO Press Release
https://www.iosco.org/news/pdf/IOSCONEWS502.pdf	
Euro Area Policies : Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Supervision and Oversight of Central Counterparties and Central Securities Depositories, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Supervision-and-46101	IMF Technical Note
Regulation, supervision, and oversight of central counterparties (CCPs) and central securities depositories CSDs) in the euro area is evolving. Recent proposed amendments to the European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) are expected to further alter the landscape, as is the European Central Bank (ECB) proposal to amend article 22 of the Statute of the European System of Central Banks (ESCB) and the ECB. The main objective of this note is to analyze the regulatory and supervisory structure applicable to CCPs and International CSDs (ICSDs) in the European Union (EU) and assess their suitability using international standards and good practices.	
Euro Area Policies : Financial Sector Assessment Program-Technical Note-Insurance, Investment Firm, and Macroprudential Oversight, 19/07/2018 http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/CR/Issues/2018/07/19/Euro-Area-Policies-Financial-Sector- Assessment-Program-Technical-Note-Insurance-Investment-46104	IMF Technical Note
While national authorities are still largely responsible for supervising the nonbank sector and applying the nacroprudential framework, European Union (EU)-level organizations' supervisory role is growing. Further convergence and strengthening of supervision of insurers and investment firms is consistent with the goals of an EU single market and financial stability. The macroprudential framework functions well but could be simplified and expanded to cover aspects of the nonbank sector.	
Survey on the interaction of regulatory instruments: results and analysis, 19/07/2018 https://www.bis.org/bcbs/publ/wp33.pdf	BIS/BCBS Publication
This report aims to summarise and analyse the results of the second-wave of the survey conducted by the Basel Committee's Research Task Force on the role of multiple regulatory constraints in the Basel III ramework. The results of the first wave (reporting date 30 June 2016) were published in February 2017 and invited additional survey questions as well as more in-depth interpretations of banks' answers.	

## 4. KÖLTSÉGVETÉSI POLITIKA, ADÓZÁS

the linear sector (1990) for the month of the sector of the sector sec	OECD
http://www.oecd.org/tax/g20-fmcbg-meeting-session-5-fair-and-modern-international-tax-system- Irgentina-july-2018.htm	Secretary-Genera Speech
speech by <b>Mr. Angel Gurría</b> , Secretary-General of OECD at the G20 Finance Ministers and Central Bank	Speech
Sovernors Meeting, Buenos Aires, 22 July 2018.	
abour Taxation and Inclusive Growth, 23/07/2018	EU
https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/economy-finance/dp084_en_labour_taxation_0.pdf	Discussion Pape
The importance of tackling income inequality has been stressed in the context of the European Pillar of bocial Rights. In this context, the 2018 Annual Growth Survey underlined the relevance of labour taxes to bursue inclusive growth, as it has an important impact on economic growth but also on income inequality. Not all labour tax reforms, however, can simultaneously foster growth and reduce income inequality: ome reforms imply a trade-off while others offer a win-win situation. This paper focusses on those labour ax reforms which offer complementarities between growth and income inequality objectives. It expands on work carried out for the Eurogroup (tax wedge, financing labour tax cuts) and the Economic Policy Committee (secondary earners, design of labour taxation) in supporting the EU political imperative of addressing income inequalities while fostering growth.	
<b>Ceywords:</b> labour taxation, inclusive growth, financing of tax cut, tax shift, taxation of secondary earners, ax expenditure, labour supply determinants	
nternational Corporate Tax Avoidance: A Review of the Channels, Magnitudes, and Blind Spots, 13/07/2018	IMF Working Paper
http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WP/Issues/2018/07/23/International-Corporate-Tax-Avoidance-A-	
Review-of-the-Channels-Effect-Size-and-Blind-Spots-45999	
This paper reviews the rapidly growing empirical literature on international tax avoidance by multinational corporations. It surveys evidence on main channels of corporate tax avoidance including transfer mispric- ng, international debt shifting, treaty shopping, tax deferral and corporate inversions.	
<b>Ceywords:</b> Corporate taxation; Multinationals; Profit shifting; International tax avoidance; Meta analysis.	
imits to government debt sustainability in middle-income countries, 23/07/2018 https://one.oecd.org/document/ECO/WKP(2018)41/en/pdf	OECD Working Paper
This paper investigates the effect of structural characteristics on debt limits of middle income countries. Two equations relate the probability of default to the interest rate. First, the probability of default is estimated with a logit model. Second, the assumption of non-arbitrage opportunity on the sovereign bond market relates the interest rate, the probability of default and the recovery rate. This model leads to three ituations: a single and stable solution at low debt, multiple equilibria with stable and unstable solutions at intermediate debt, and a single solution with dissuasively high risk-premium beyond a debt threshold: his defines the debt limit. It reflects the empirical evidence on default determinants: it increases with perceived government effectiveness, the export to GDP ratio and the expected recovery rate and	
lecreases with the commodity export to GDP ratio.	
lecreases with the commodity export to GDP ratio.	OECD Working Paper

Variations in the definition of the corporate tax base across countries can have significant impacts on tax	
liabilities associated with a given investment. An accurate assessment of the effects of corporate tax sys-	
tems on investment thus needs to build on a consistent methodological framework covering not only stat-	
utory tax rates (STRs) but also many provisions affecting the base such as, e.g., fiscal depreciation. The	
new OECD model described in this paper provides such a framework; building on the theoretical model	
developed by Devereux and Griffith (1999, 2003) it presents forward-looking effective tax rates (ETRs) for	
36 OECD and Selected Partner Economies taking into account a wide range of corporate tax provisions.	

*Keywords:* corporate taxation, tax competition, corporate tax base, investment decisions

An empirical investigation on the drivers of income redistribution across OECD countries, 19/07/2018 https://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/docserver/5cb47f33-en.pdf	OECD Working Paper
This paper produces a comprehensive assessment of income redistribution to the working-age population, covering OECD countries over the last two decades. Redistribution is quantified as the relative reduction in market income inequality achieved by personal income taxes, employees' social security contributions and cash transfers, based on household-level micro data. A detailed decomposition analysis uncovers the respective roles of size, tax progressivity and transfer targeting for overall redistribution, the respective role of various categories of transfers for transfer redistribution; as well as redistribution for various income groups. The paper shows a widespread decline in redistribution across the OECD, both on average and in the majority of countries for which data going back to the mid-1990s are available.	
Keywords: transfers, taxes, progressivity, income inequality, redistribution	

#### 5. PÉNZFORGALOM, FIZETÉSI RENDSZEREK

Financial technology and payments regulation	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180723g.pdf	Central Bankers
Keynote speech by <b>Ms Michele Bullock</b> , Assistant Governor (Financial System) of the Reserve Bank of Australia, at the 5th Bund Summit on Fintech, Shanghai, 8 July 2018.	Speech
The journey to best in class payments	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180723I.pdf	Central Bankers
Speech by <b>Mr David Bailey</b> , Executive Director for Financial Market Infrastructure of the Bank of England, at the Westminster Business Forum Keynote Seminar "The future for payments regulation in the UK - competition, innovation and end-user priorities", London, 28 June 2018.	Speech
Money and payments - where are we heading?	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180725e.pdf	Central Bankers
Speech by Mr Stefan Ingves, Governor of the Sveriges Riksbank and Chairman of the Basel Committee on	Speech
Banking Supervision, at the Stockholm School of Economics, Stockholm, 4 June 2018.	
Implementation monitoring of PFMI: Fifth update to Level 1 assessment report, 23/07/2018	BIS/CPMI-IOSCC
https://www.bis.org/cpmi/publ/d179.pdf	Publication +
This report provides jurisdictions' self-assessments of their progress, as of 1 January 2018, towards adopting the legislation, regulations and other policies that will enable them to implement the 24 Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures (PFMIs) and four of the five Responsibilities for authorities included in the PFMI. It shows that progress continues to be made by the 28 participating jurisdictions since the previous update in July 2017.	Press Release

Related press release:
https://www.bis.org/press/p180723.htm

#### 6. ÁLTALÁNOS GAZDASÁGPOLITIKA

", Europa – quo vadis? The Role of the ESM" https://www.esm.europa.eu/speeches-and-presentations/europa-quo-vadis-role-esm-speech-klaus-	EU Speech
regling	Speech
Speech by <b>Mr Klaus Regling</b> , ESM Managing Director at panel discussion of the Economic Advisory Council	
and the Representation of the European Commission, Munich, 23 July 2018	
From protectionism to prosperity	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180724b.pdf	Central Bankers'
Speech by <b>Mr Mark Carney</b> , Governor of the Bank of England, at the Northern Powerhouse Business Summit, "Great Exhibition of the North", Newcastle, 5 July 2018.	Speech
The UK's productivity problem - hub no spokes	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180723k.pdf	Central Bankers'
Text of the Academy of Social Sciences Annual Lecture by <b>Mr Andrew G Haldane</b> , Executive Director and Chief Economist of the Bank of England, London, 28 June 2018.	Speech
The future of the euro area - the perspective of central banks	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180719k.pdf	Central Bankers'
Statement by Prof Claudia Buch, Vice-President of the Deutsche Bundesbank, and Ms Sylvie Goulard,	Speech
Deputy Governor of the Bank of France, prepared for the policy panel on "The Future of the Euro Zone",	
as part of the joint conference "Monetary Policy Challenges" by the Bank of France and Deutsche	
Bundesbank, Paris, 21 June 2018.	
2018 Economic Reform Programmes of Albania, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Turkey, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo: The Commission's Overview and Country Assessments, 19/07/2018	EU Institutional Paper
https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/economy-finance/ip085_en.pdf	i apei
This report contains the Commission's assessments of the 2018 Economic Reform Programmes (ERP) of	
countries that are candidates or potential candidates for EU membership.	
A 'New Modesty'? Level Shifts in Survey Data and the Decreasing Trend of 'Normal' Growth, 19/07/2018	EU
https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/economy-finance/dp083_en_new_modesty.pdf	Discussion Paper
While the current level of the Economic Sentiment Indicator, which is well above its long-term average, is	
compatible with expanding economic activity, it has been associated with lower growth rates than those	
implied in the pre-recession period. Departing from the idea that the relationship between qualitative	
survey ('soft') and quantitative ('hard') data might have changed during the Great Recession due to a 'new	
modesty' of survey respondents, this paper goes one step further and examines to what extent this link	
might be constantly moving over longer time periods. Using rolling regressions and time-varying	
parameter models for the euro area, the paper shows that the growth rates typically implied by given survey results did not only fall during the Great recession, but already decreased rather systematically for	
close to 20 years before the crisis, i.e. since around 1990.	
Keywords: business and consumer surveys, euro area, potential output	

Is Unemployment on Steroids in Advanced Economies?, 24/07/2018	IMF
http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WP/Issues/2018/07/24/Is-Unemployment-on-Steroids-in-Advan-	Working Paper
ced-Economies-46075	
Despite conventional macroeconomic theory is based on the idea that demand shocks can only have tem-	
porary effects on unemployment, several European economies display highly persistent unemployment	
dynamics. The theory of hysteresis challenges this view and points out that, under certain conditions, de-	
mand disturbances can have permanent effects. In this paper, we find strong empirical evidence of unemp-	
oyment hysteresis in advanced economies since the 1990s.	
Keywords: Advanced economies, hysteresis, panel VAR, persistence, unemployment, unit root.	
Euro Area: Time to Tackle The Tough Challenges, 19/07/2018	IMF
http://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2018/07/17/na071918-euro-area-time-to-tackle-the-tough-	Country Focus
<u>challenges</u>	
The euro area economy is still in a good place. Growth remains strong, broad-based, and job-friendly, even if there are signs that it has peaked. At the same time, risks are rising, including escalating trade tensions	
and policy complacency among euro area countries. Rebuilding fiscal buffers and addressing structural issues to improve resilience, and building support for euro area reforms is now even more urgent.	
OECD Economic Surveys - Euro Area, 24/07/2018	OECD
http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/Euro-area-2018-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf	Economic
http://www.becu.org/eco/surveys/euro-area-2018-becb-economic-survey-overview.pur	
	Surveys
OECD Economic Surveys - European Union, 24/07/2018	
http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/European-union-2018-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf	
After years of crisis, a positive economic momentum has taken hold in the European Union over the last	
couple of years, helped by very accommodative monetary policy, mildly expansionary fiscal policy and a recovering global economy. Growth has continued at a dynamic pace in 2017, broadening across sectors and countries and lowering unemployment.	
couple of years, helped by very accommodative monetary policy, mildly expansionary fiscal policy and a recovering global economy. Growth has continued at a dynamic pace in 2017, broadening across sectors	OECD
couple of years, helped by very accommodative monetary policy, mildly expansionary fiscal policy and a recovering global economy. Growth has continued at a dynamic pace in 2017, broadening across sectors and countries and lowering unemployment. <b>DECD Economic Surveys - Canada 2018</b> , 23/072018	OECD Economic
couple of years, helped by very accommodative monetary policy, mildly expansionary fiscal policy and a recovering global economy. Growth has continued at a dynamic pace in 2017, broadening across sectors and countries and lowering unemployment. <b>OECD Economic Surveys - Canada 2018</b> , 23/072018 http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/Increasing-inclusiveness-and-enhancing-integration-of-immigrants-	Economic
couple of years, helped by very accommodative monetary policy, mildly expansionary fiscal policy and a recovering global economy. Growth has continued at a dynamic pace in 2017, broadening across sectors and countries and lowering unemployment. <b>DECD Economic Surveys - Canada 2018</b> , 23/072018	Economic Survey
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Despite numerous headwinds and adverse shocks, Turkey's real GDP has grown by more than 34% over the past 5 years, faster than any other OECD country except for Ireland and only slightly less than China and India. The revision of national accounts in early 2017 not only pointed at higher than previously accounted growth since the global financial crisis, but also exhibited much higher shares for private consumption and investment, notably construction, in overall output underscoring long-lasting imbalances (e.g. OECD, 2016). Indeed, despite a significant rebound of exports in late 2017 and early 2018, growth still excessively relies on domestic demand amplifying the Turkish economy's dependence on capital inflows (Panel A). Expansionary fiscal policy ahead of the June 2018 elections had further amplified
these imbalances.

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Can technology and innovation help? New data generating possibilities	BIS
https://www.bis.org/review/r180723c.pdf	Central Bankers
Speech by Prof Claudia Buch, Vice-President of the Deutsche Bundesbank, at the at the Ninth ECB Statistics	Speech
Conference "20 years of ESCB statistics: What's next?", Frankfurt am Main, 12 July 2018.	
Monetary developments in the euro area: June 2018, 25/07/2018	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pdf/md/ecb.md1806.en.pdf	Press Release
Euro area monthly balance of payments: May 2018, 20/07/2018	ECB
http://www.ecb.europa.eu/press/pr/stats/bop/2018/html/ecb.bp180720.en.html	Press Release
Government debt slightly up to 86.8% of GDP in euro area, 20/07/2018	EU
http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/2995521/9087362/2-20072018-AP-EN.pdf	Press Release
Seasonally adjusted government deficit decreased to 0.1% of GDP in the euro area, 20/07/2018	EU
http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/2995521/9087434/2-20072018-BP-EN.pdf	Press Release
USD exchange rates, 19/07/2018	BIS
https://www.bis.org/statistics/xrusd.htm	Press Release
Central bank policy rates, 19/07/2018	BIS
https://www.bis.org/statistics/cbpol.htm	Press Release

Effective exchange rate indices, 19/07/2018	BIS
https://www.bis.org/statistics/eer.htm	Press Release
Hours Worked: Average annual hours actually worked, 25/07/2018	OECD
https://data.oecd.org/emp/hours-worked.htm	Press Release
BIS international banking statistics at end-March 2018, 19/07/2018	BIS
https://www.bis.org/statistics/rppb1807.pdf	Publication
Main conclusions:	
• The modest pickup in international banking activity that began in mid-2017 continued into Q1 2018. Banks' cross-border claims rose by \$451 billion between end-2017 and end-March 2018 to \$30 trillion, up 2% year on year.	
• The fastest growth was again in cross-border credit to non-bank financial borrowers, such as investment funds and special purpose vehicles, which rose by 8% in the year to end-March 2018.	
• Cross-border credit to emerging market economies (EMEs) grew by \$89 billion in Q1 2018, up by 7% over the previous year. In contrast to most previous expansions in credit to EMEs, the latest increase was not accompanied by a rise in the share of short-term claims.	

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